

# Exhibit A

# Drugs Identified in Deceased Persons by Florida Medical Examiners



**2016 Annual Report**

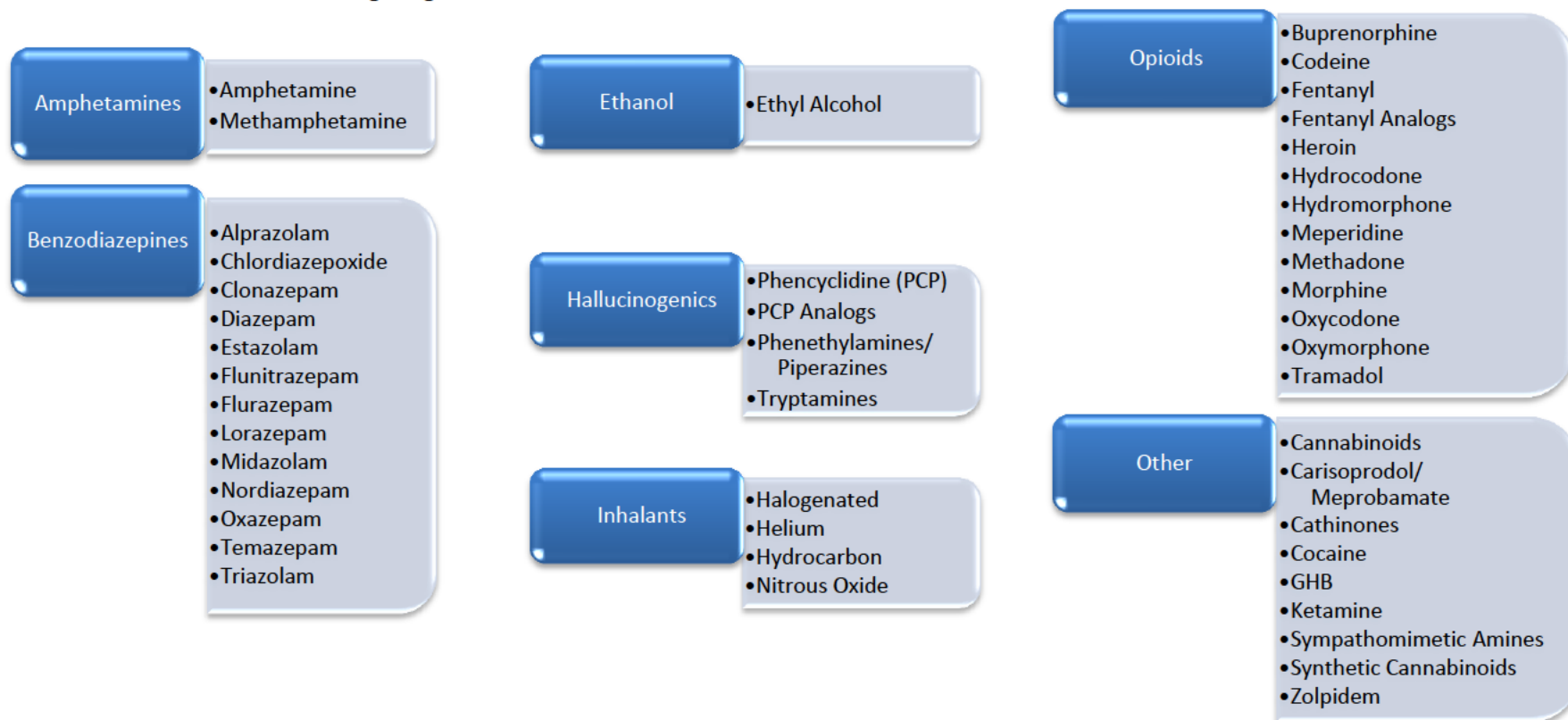
## Data Collection

The State of Florida's Bureau of Vital Statistics reported 199,964 deaths in Florida during 2016. Of the 27,383 deaths investigated by Florida's medical examiners, toxicology results determined that the drugs listed below were present at the time of death in 11,910 deaths. The medical examiners assessed whether the drug(s) identified was the cause of death or merely present at the time of death. The data were then submitted to the Medical Examiners Commission (MEC) for presentation in this report. It is important to note that each death is a single case, while each time a drug is detected represents an occurrence. The vast majority of the 11,910 deaths had more than one drug occurrence.

When reporting the data, Florida's medical examiners were asked to distinguish between the drugs determined to be the cause of death and those drugs that were present in the body at the time of death. A drug is indicated as the cause of death only when, after examining all evidence, the autopsy, and toxicology results, the medical examiner determines the drug played a causal role in the death. It is not uncommon for a decedent to have multiple drugs listed as a cause of death. However, a drug may not have played a causal role in the death even when the medical examiner determines the drug is present or identifiable in the decedent. Therefore, a decedent often is found to have multiple drugs listed as present; these are drug occurrences and are not equivalent to deaths.

The MEC would like to acknowledge with much appreciation the crucial role of the members of the Quality Assurance Committee.

Data were collected on the following drugs:



## Highlights

All comparisons are made to 2015 calendar year data unless otherwise noted.

- ✓ Total drug-related deaths increased by 22 percent (2,126 more).
- ✓ 5,725 opioid-related deaths were reported, which is a 35 percent increase (1,483 more). The opioids were identified as either the cause of death or merely present in the decedent.
- ✓ 6,658 (24 percent more) individuals died with one or more prescription drugs in their system. The drugs were identified as either the cause of death or merely present in the decedent. These drugs may have also been mixed with illicit drugs and/or alcohol.
- ✓ 3,550 (40 percent more) individuals died with at least one prescription drug in their system that was identified as the cause of death. These drugs may have been mixed with other prescription drugs, illicit drugs, and/or alcohol.
- ✓ Prescription drugs (benzodiazepines, carisoprodol/meprobamate, zolpidem, and all opioids excluding heroin and fentanyl analogs) continued to be found more often than illicit drugs, both as the cause of death and present at death. Prescription drugs account for 61 percent of all drug occurrences in this report when ethyl alcohol is excluded. Fentanyl is also produced illicitly, and currently many fentanyl occurrences represent the ingestion of illicit fentanyl rather than pharmaceutically manufactured fentanyl.
- ✓ The five most frequently occurring drugs found in decedents were ethyl alcohol (5,318), benzodiazepines (5,167, including 1,851 alprazolam occurrences), cocaine (2,882), cannabinoids (2,292), and morphine (2,040). The increase in positive cannabinoid findings is due to the increased surveillance by medical examiner offices and not a direct reflection of the increased use of cannabis by decedents. Since heroin is rapidly metabolized to morphine, this may lead to a substantial over-reporting of morphine-related deaths as well as significant under-reporting of heroin-related deaths.
- ✓ The drugs that caused the most deaths were cocaine (1,769), benzodiazepines (1,421, including 813 alprazolam deaths and 183 diazepam deaths), fentanyl (1,390), morphine (1,338), fentanyl analogs (965), heroin (952), ethyl alcohol (948), oxycodone (723), methadone (330), and methamphetamine (327). Fentanyl analogs (94 percent), heroin (93 percent), fentanyl (85 percent), methadone (66 percent), morphine (66 percent), cocaine (61 percent), methamphetamine (53 percent), and oxycodone (52 percent) were listed as causing death in more than 50 percent of the deaths in which these drugs were found.
- ✓ Occurrences of heroin increased by 31 percent and deaths caused by heroin increased by 30 percent.
- ✓ Occurrences of fentanyl increased by 80 percent and deaths caused by fentanyl increased by 97 percent.
- ✓ Occurrences of methadone (10 percent) and hydrocodone (2 percent) increased. Deaths caused by methadone (40 more) and hydrocodone (9 more) also increased.
- ✓ Occurrences of morphine increased by 38 percent and deaths caused by morphine increased by 49 percent.

- ✓ Occurrences of oxycodone increased by 28 percent and deaths caused by oxycodone also increased by 28 percent.
- ✓ Occurrences of buprenorphine increased by 90 percent and deaths caused by buprenorphine (14 more) increased.
- ✓ Occurrences of cocaine increased by 57 percent and deaths caused by cocaine increased by 83 percent.
- ✓ Alprazolam (Xanax), diazepam (Valium), and nordiazepam dominate the category of benzodiazepines. Occurrences of alprazolam increased by 29 percent, diazepam increased by 10 percent, and nordiazepam increased by 6 percent. Alprazolam, diazepam, and nordiazepam are rarely the sole cause of death, but are common as contributing to the cause of multi-drug deaths. Note that since the drugs diazepam and chlordiazepoxide (Librium) are normally broken down in the body into the drug nordiazepam, many occurrences of nordiazepam may represent ingestion of these other benzodiazepines.
- ✓ Occurrences of methamphetamine (104 percent) and amphetamine (65 percent) increased. Deaths caused by methamphetamine (171 more) and amphetamine (112 more) also increased.
- ✓ Occurrences of cathinones decreased by 54 percent and deaths caused by cathinones decreased by 42 percent.
- ✓ Reporting of occurrences of U-47700 was not specifically requested by the Commission in 2016. Due to the rapid rise of deaths associated with U-47700, many districts voluntarily reported data; however, the data is not complete. A total of 97 occurrences of U-47700 were reported for 2016. Reporting of U-47700 by all districts will begin with the 2018 Drugs Identified in Deceased Persons Reports.

## Medical Examiners Commission Members

**Stephen J. Nelson, M.A., M.D., F.C.A.P.**

**Chairman**

District 10 Medical Examiner

1021 Jim Keene Boulevard

Winter Haven, Florida 33880

(863) 298-4600

Email: [StephenNelson@polk-county.net](mailto:StephenNelson@polk-county.net)

**Barbara C. Wolf, M.D.**

District 5 Medical Examiner

**Honorable James S. Purdy, J.D.**

Public Defender, Seventh Judicial Circuit

**Robin Giddens Sheppard, L.F.D.**

Vice President/Funeral Director, Hardage-Giddens Funeral Home

**Kenneth T. Jones**

State Registrar, Department of Health

**Vacant**

Sheriff

**Vacant**

State Attorney

**Wesley Heidt, J.D.**

Office of the Attorney General

**Honorable Carol Whitmore, R.N.**

Manatee County Commissioner

### MEC Staff — Florida Department of Law Enforcement

Post Office Box 1489

Tallahassee, Florida 32302

(850) 410-8600

[MEC Website](#)

Chief of Policy and Special Programs Vickie Koenig

(850) 410-8600 [VickieKoenig@fdle.state.fl.us](mailto:VickieKoenig@fdle.state.fl.us)

Government Analyst II Doug Culbertson

(850) 410-8609 [DougCulbertson@fdle.state.fl.us](mailto:DougCulbertson@fdle.state.fl.us)

Government Analyst II Beth McNeil

(850) 410-8608 [BethMcNeil@fdle.state.fl.us](mailto:BethMcNeil@fdle.state.fl.us)

Deputy General Counsel James Martin, J.D.

(850) 410-7676 [JamesMartin@fdle.state.fl.us](mailto:JamesMartin@fdle.state.fl.us)

### Quality Assurance Committee Members

Russell S. Vega, M.D.

District Medical Examiner

District 12 Medical Examiner Office

Robert R. Pfalzgraf, M.D.

Associate Medical Examiner

District 4 Medical Examiner Office

Julia M. Pearson, Ph.D.

Chief Forensic Toxicologist

District 13 Medical Examiner Office

Chris W. Chronister, Ph.D.

Forensic Toxicology Laboratory Manager

University of Florida

# Table of Contents

Map of Florida Medical Examiner Districts	1	Morphine Deaths	27
Summary of Drug Occurrences in Decedents	2	Morphine Deaths by Age	28
Frequency of Occurrence of Drugs in Decedents	4	Morphine Deaths by County	29
Comparison of Drug Occurrences in Decedents, 2015 – 2016	5	Fentanyl Deaths	30
Comparison of Drug Caused Deaths, 2014 – 2016	7	Fentanyl Deaths by Age	31
Frequency of Occurrence of Benzodiazepines	8	Fentanyl Deaths by County	32
Alprazolam Deaths	9	Historical Overview of Fentanyl Occurrences	33
Alprazolam Deaths by Age	10	Prescription Drugs in Medical Examiner Deaths	34
Alprazolam Deaths by County	11	Frequency of Occurrence of Fentanyl Analogs	35
Diazepam Deaths	12	Fentanyl Analog Deaths	36
Diazepam Deaths by Age	13	Fentanyl Analog Deaths by Age	37
Diazepam Deaths by County	14	Fentanyl Analog Deaths by County	38
Historical Overview of Alprazolam & Diazepam Occurrences	15	Cocaine Deaths	39
Oxycodone Deaths	16	Cocaine Deaths by Age	40
Oxycodone Deaths by Age	17	Cocaine Deaths by County	41
Oxycodone Deaths by County	18	Cocaine Related Deaths by Medical Examiner District	42
Hydrocodone Deaths	19	Historical Overview of Cocaine Occurrences	43
Hydrocodone Deaths by Age	20	Heroin Deaths	44
Hydrocodone Deaths by County	21	Heroin Deaths by Age	45
Methadone Deaths	22	Heroin Deaths by County	46
Methadone Deaths by Age	23	Heroin Related Deaths by Medical Examiner District	47
Methadone Deaths by County	24	Historical Overview of Heroin Occurrences	48
Historical Overview of Hydrocodone, Oxycodone, & Methadone Occurrences	25	Drug Detected at Death: Cause vs. Present	49
Historical Overview of Deaths Caused by Hydrocodone, Oxycodone, & Methadone	26	Manner of Death for Cases Reported	52
		Glossary	55

# Coverage Map

## Florida Medical Examiner Districts

**District 1**  
Escambia  
Okaloosa  
Santa Rosa  
Walton

**District 2**  
Franklin  
Gadsden  
Jefferson  
Leon  
Liberty  
Taylor  
Wakulla

**District 3** \*Covered by  
Columbia \*4  
Dixie \*8  
Hamilton \*4  
Lafayette \*2  
Madison \*2  
Suwannee \*2

**District 4**  
Clay  
Duval  
Nassau

**District 5**  
Citrus  
Hernando  
Lake  
Marion  
Sumter

**District 6**  
Pasco  
Pinellas

**District 7**  
Volusia

**District 8**  
Alachua  
Baker  
Bradford  
Gilchrist  
Levy  
Union

**District 9**  
Orange

**District 10**  
Hardee  
Highlands  
Polk

**District 11**  
Miami-Dade

**District 12**  
DeSoto  
Manatee  
Sarasota

**District 13**  
Hillsborough

**District 14**  
Bay  
Calhoun  
Gulf  
Holmes  
Jackson  
Washington

**District 15**  
Palm Beach

**District 16**  
Monroe

**District 17**  
Broward

**District 18**  
Brevard

**District 19**  
Indian River  
Martin  
Okeechobee  
St. Lucie

**District 20**  
Collier

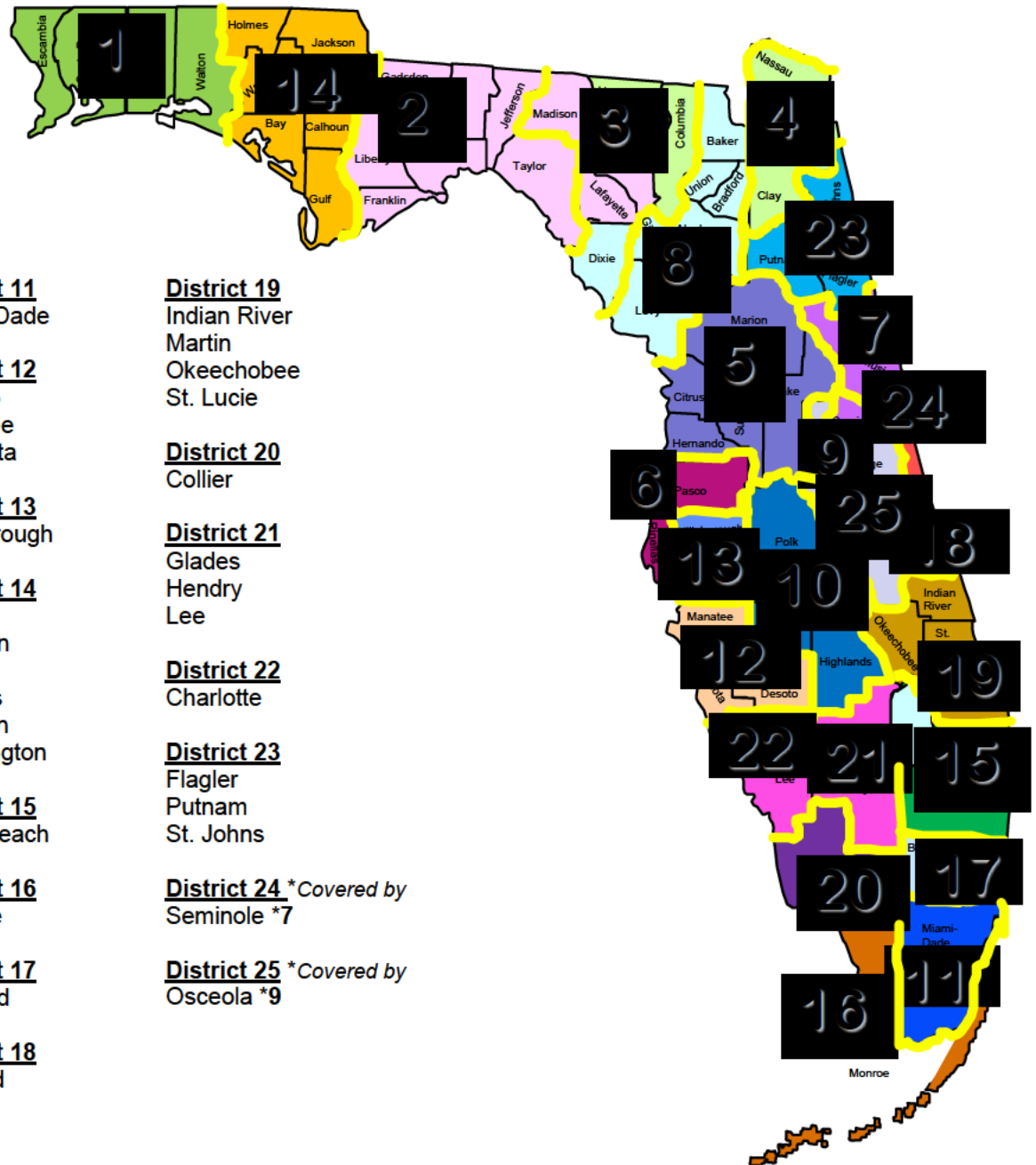
**District 21**  
Glades  
Hendry  
Lee

**District 22**  
Charlotte

**District 23**  
Flagler  
Putnam  
St. Johns

**District 24** \*Covered by  
Seminole \*7

**District 25** \*Covered by  
Osceola \*9





## Summary of Drug Occurrences in Decedents 2016

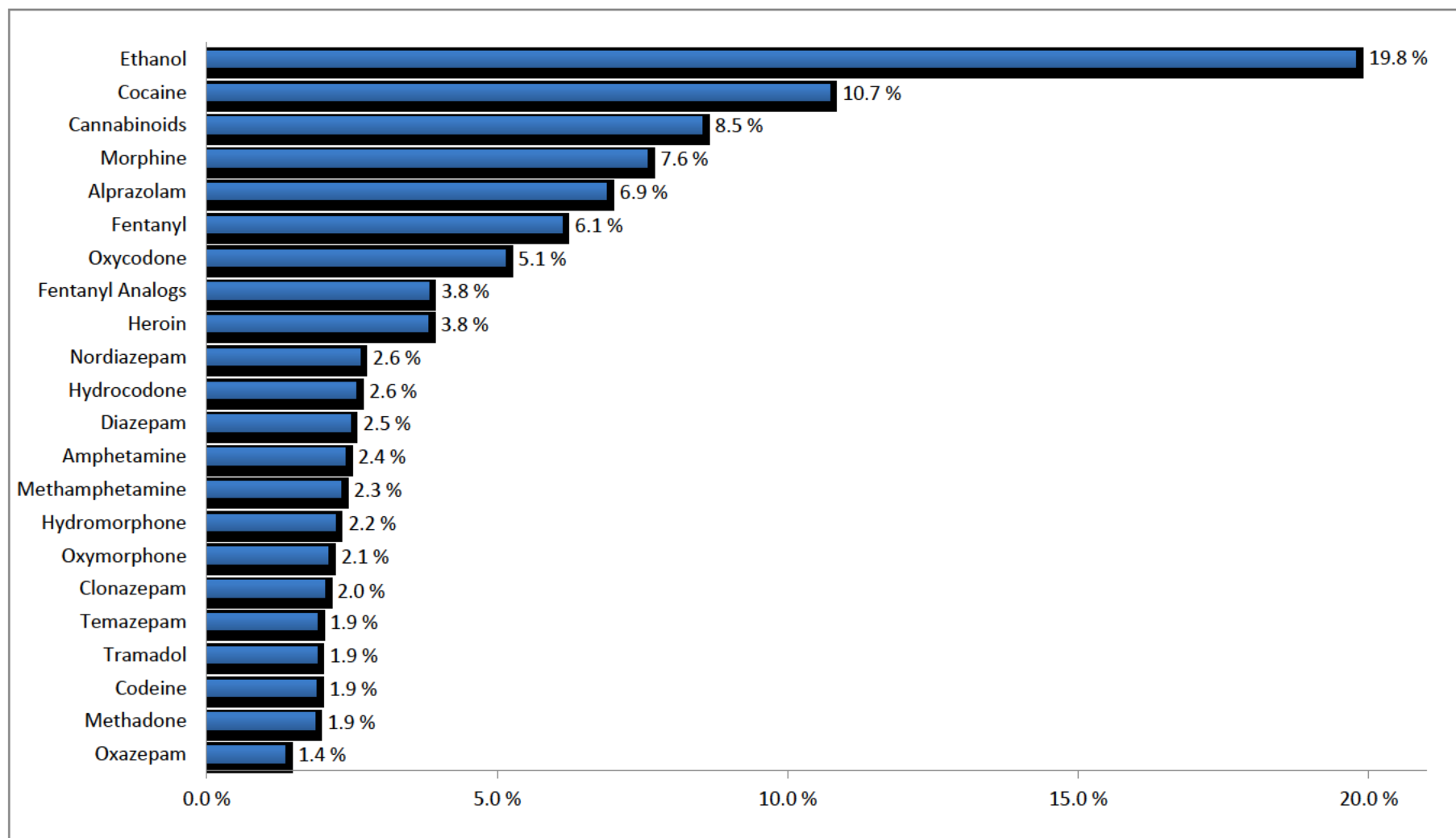
	DRUG PRESENT IN BODY	CAUSE	PRESENT	TOTAL OCCURRENCES
Amphetamines	Amphetamine	199	441	640
	Methamphetamine	327	294	621
Benzodiazepines	Alprazolam	813	1,038	1,851
	Chlordiazepoxide	13	87	100
	Clonazepam	95	451	546
	Diazepam	183	481	664
	Estazolam	2	2	4
	Flunitrazepam	0	0	0
	Flurazepam	1	5	6
	Lorazepam	32	209	241
	Midazolam	4	160	164
	Nordiazepam	124	585	709
	Oxazepam	51	312	363
	Temazepam	101	410	511
	Triazolam	2	6	8
Ethanol		948	4,370	5,318
Hallucinogenics	Phencyclidine (PCP)	0	0	0
	PCP Analogs	2	0	2
	Phenethylamines/Piperazines	20	26	46
	Tryptamines	1	0	1

**Summary of Drug Occurrences in Decedents (continued)**

	DRUG PRESENT IN BODY	CAUSE	PRESENT	TOTAL OCCURRENCES
Inhalants	Halogenated	46	4	50
	Helium	13	0	13
	Hydrocarbon	1	0	1
	Nitrous Oxide	1	0	1
Opioids	Buprenorphine	32	103	135
	Codeine	87	420	507
	Fentanyl	1,390	254	1,644
	Fentanyl Analogs	965	61	1,026
	Heroin	952	71	1,023
	Hydrocodone	245	447	692
	Hydromorphone	196	399	595
	Meperidine	3	3	6
	Methadone	330	169	499
	Morphine	1,338	702	2,040
	Oxycodone	723	659	1,382
	Oxymorphone	153	409	562
	Tramadol	144	366	510
Other	Cannabinoids	8	2,284	2,292
	Carisoprodol/Meprobamate	27	96	123
	Cathinones	49	53	102
	Cocaine	1,769	1,113	2,882
	GHB	2	2	4
	Ketamine	7	81	88
	Sympathomimetic Amines	4	21	25
	Synthetic Cannabinoids	17	5	22
	Zolpidem	58	190	248

*Note: The total occurrences for buprenorphine and cannabinoids are under reported due to the variability in analytical protocols in place at medical examiner offices. Medical examiners were asked to identify any metabolites of parent drugs. Since heroin is rapidly metabolized to morphine, this may lead to a substantial over-reporting of morphine-related deaths as well as significant under-reporting of heroin-related deaths. Many deaths were found to have several drugs contributing to the death; therefore, the count of specific drugs listed is greater than the number of deaths.*

### Frequency of Occurrence of Drugs in Decedents<sup>1</sup> January – December 2016



<sup>1</sup>The following drugs individually constituted less than one percent of drug frequencies and are not included: chlordiazepoxide, estazolam, flunitrazepam, flurazepam, lorazepam, midazolam, triazolam, all hallucinogenics, all inhalants, buprenorphine, meperidine, carisoprodol/meprobamate, cathinones, GHB, ketamine, sympathomimetic amines, synthetic cannabinoids, and zolpidem.

Note: Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.

### Comparison of Drug Occurrences in Decedents 2015 to 2016

DRUG PRESENT IN BODY		2015	2016	PERCENTAGE CHANGE
<b>Amphetamines</b>	Amphetamine	387	640	65.4%
	Methamphetamine	305	621	103.6%
<b>Benzodiazepines</b>	Alprazolam	1,439	1,851	28.6%
	Chlordiazepoxide	107	100	-6.5%
	Clonazepam	455	546	20.0%
	Diazepam	604	664	9.9%
	Estazolam	2	4	*
	Flunitrazepam	1	0	*
	Flurazepam	8	6	*
	Lorazepam	236	241	2.1%
	Midazolam	161	164	1.9%
	Nordiazepam	672	709	5.5%
	Oxazepam	405	363	-10.4%
	Temazepam	511	511	0.0%
	Triazolam	3	8	*
<b>Ethanol</b>		4,762	5,318	11.7%
<b>Hallucinogenics</b>	Phencyclidine (PCP)	2	0	*
	PCP Analogs	N/A	2	N/A
	Phenethylamines/Piperazines	22	46	109.1%
	Tryptamines	2	1	*

\*Due to the small number of occurrences, percent changes were not calculated.

N/A – Drug was not tracked during the previous reporting year; therefore, a comparison could not be calculated.

Note: Many deaths were found to have several drugs contributing to the death; therefore, the count of specific drugs listed is greater than the number of deaths.

**Comparison of Drug Occurrences in Decedents (continued)**

	DRUG PRESENT IN BODY	2015	2016	PERCENTAGE CHANGE
<b>Inhalants</b>	Halogenated	50	50	0.0%
	Helium	20	13	*
	Hydrocarbon	11	1	*
	Nitrous Oxide	2	1	*
<b>Opioids</b>	Buprenorphine	71	135	90.1%
	Codeine	478	507	6.1%
	Fentanyl	911	1,644	80.4%
	Fentanyl Analogs	N/A	1,026	N/A
	Heroin	779	1,023	31.3%
	Hydrocodone	680	692	1.8%
	Hydromorphone	521	595	14.2%
	Meperidine	8	6	*
	Methadone	453	499	10.2%
	Morphine	1,483	2,040	37.6%
	Oxycodone	1,081	1,382	27.8%
	Oxymorphone	389	562	44.5%
	Tramadol	439	510	16.2%
<b>Other</b>	Cannabinoids	1,720	2,292	33.3%
	Carisoprodol/Meprobamate	129	123	-4.7%
	Cathinones	223	102	-54.3%
	Cocaine	1,834	2,882	57.1%
	GHB	5	4	*
	Ketamine	46	88	91.3% <sup>1</sup>
	Sympathomimetic Amines	21	25	*
	Synthetic Cannabinoids	23	22	*
	Zolpidem	202	248	22.8%

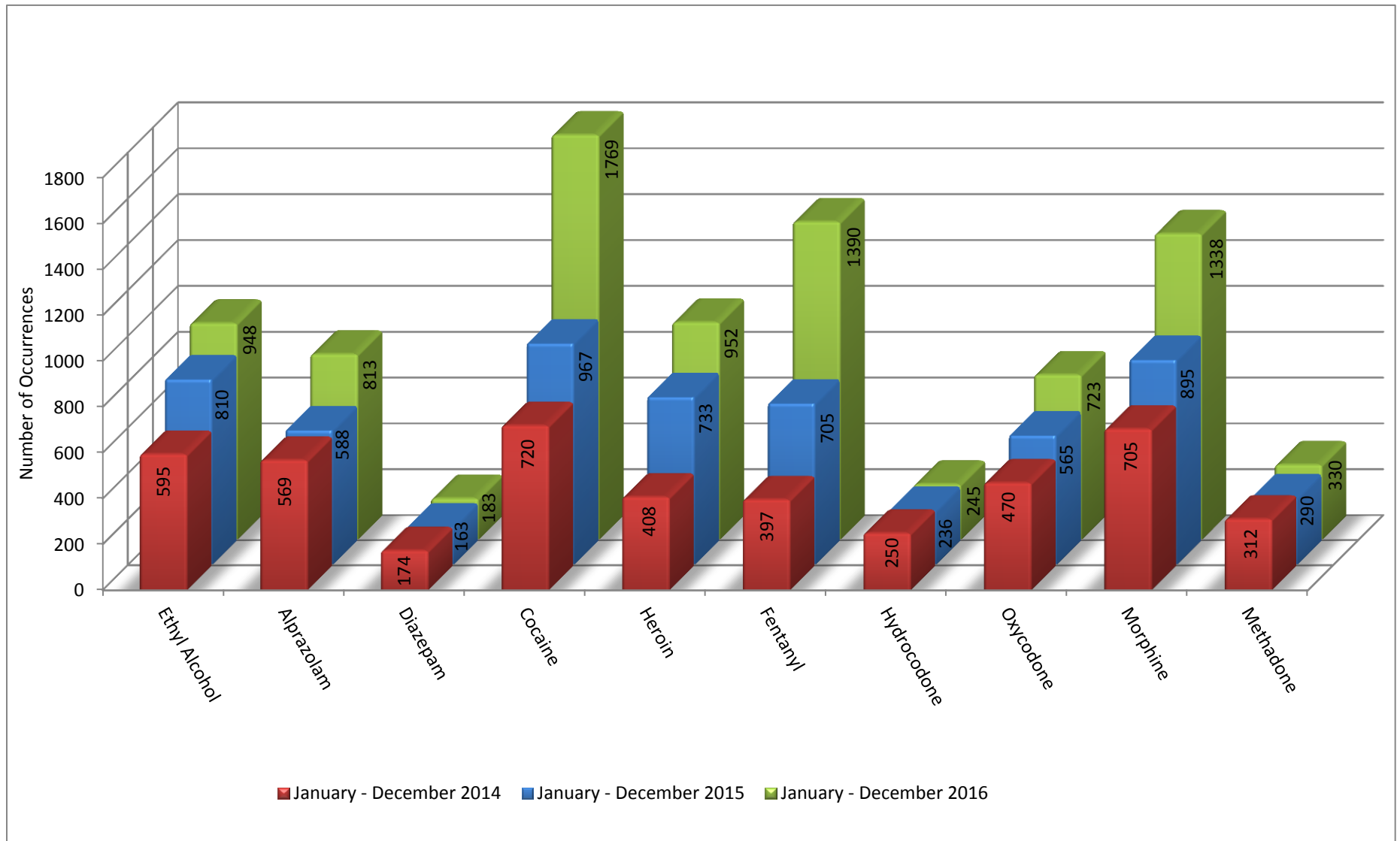
\*Due to the small number of occurrences, percent changes were not calculated.

N/A – Drug was not tracked during the previous reporting year; therefore, a comparison could not be calculated.

<sup>1</sup>The increase in ketamine occurrences is largely due to the clinical use of ketamine as a sedative and anesthetic in the hospital.

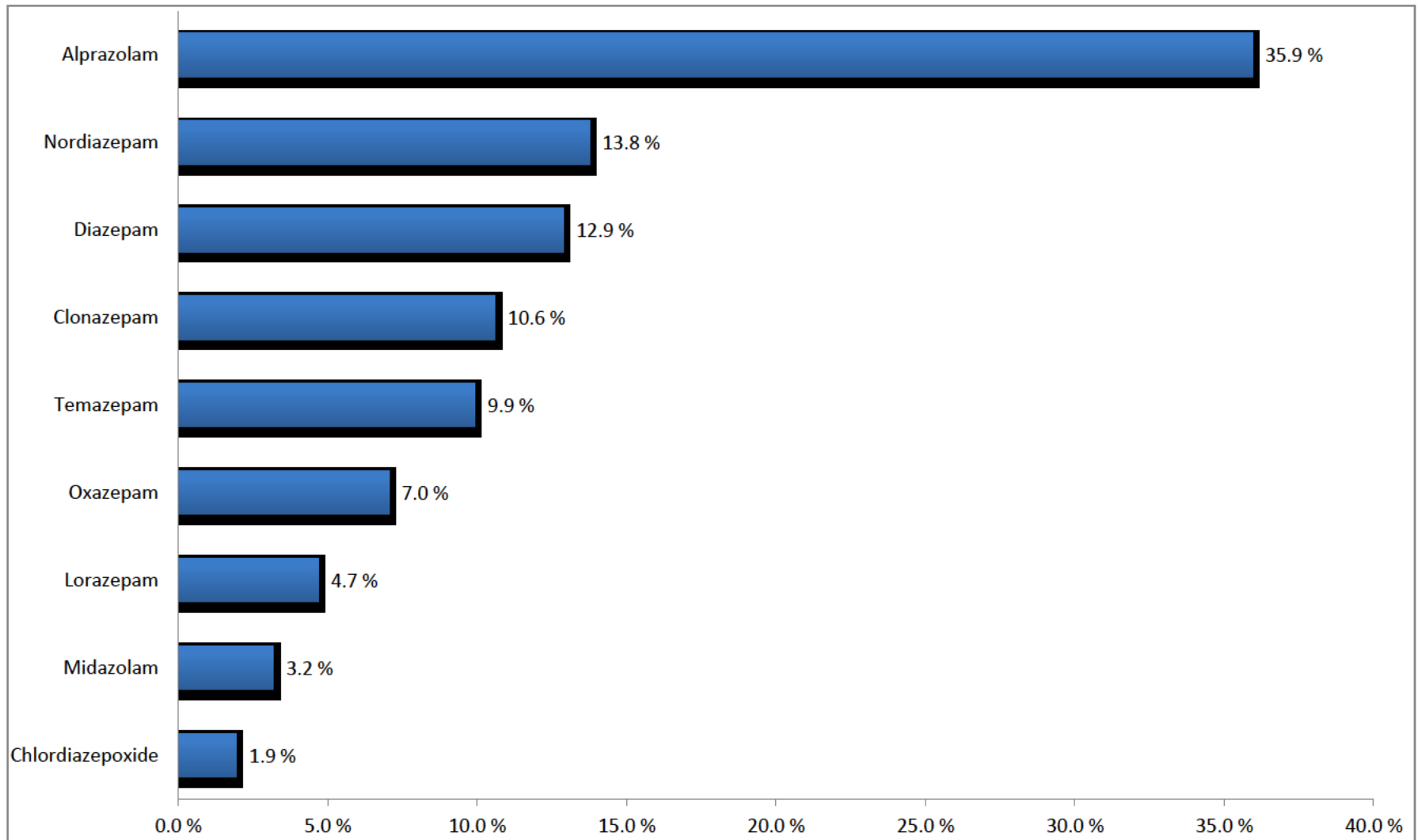
Note: Many deaths were found to have several drugs contributing to the death; therefore, the count of specific drugs listed is greater than the number of deaths.

### Comparison of Drug Caused Deaths 2014 to 2016



Note: Not all drugs are included in the above chart.

### Frequency of Occurrence of Benzodiazepines January – December 2016



*Note: Benzodiazepines not included individually constituted less than one percent of occurrences. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding. Several benzodiazepines (for example, diazepam) are metabolized to other benzodiazepines in the body (for example, nordiazepam, oxazepam, and temazepam). Thus, occurrences of nordiazepam, oxazepam, and temazepam may be due to the ingestion of diazepam, chlordiazepoxide, and/or temazepam.*

## Alprazolam Deaths

January – December 2016

Medical Examiner District and Area of Florida		Total Deaths with Alprazolam			Deaths with Alprazolam Only			Deaths with Alprazolam in Combination with Other Drugs		
District	Area of Florida	Total	Cause	Present	Total	Cause	Present	Total	Cause	Present
1	Pensacola	58	29	29	3	1	2	55	28	27
2	Tallahassee	9	8	1	1	1	0	8	7	1
3	Live Oak	9	5	4	0	0	0	9	5	4
4	Jacksonville	150	72	78	11	6	5	139	66	73
5	Leesburg	59	19	40	6	1	5	53	18	35
6	St. Petersburg	176	106	70	10	2	8	166	104	62
7	Daytona Beach	51	11	40	1	0	1	50	11	39
8	Gainesville	22	10	12	3	1	2	19	9	10
9	Orlando	95	28	67	9	0	9	86	28	58
10	Lakeland	76	34	42	8	0	8	68	34	34
11	Miami	241	69	172	15	0	15	226	69	157
12	Sarasota	111	65	46	10	2	8	101	63	38
13	Tampa	101	54	47	11	0	11	90	54	36
14	Panama City	51	23	28	3	0	3	48	23	25
15	West Palm Beach	165	85	80	3	1	2	162	84	78
16	Florida Keys	10	6	4	0	0	0	10	6	4
17	Ft. Lauderdale	169	110	59	10	1	9	159	109	50
18	Melbourne	66	23	43	7	0	7	59	23	36
19	Ft. Pierce	54	6	48	4	1	3	50	5	45
20	Naples	33	9	24	2	0	2	31	9	22
21	Ft. Myers	41	16	25	3	0	3	38	16	22
22	Port Charlotte	24	3	21	4	0	4	20	3	17
23	St. Augustine	21	9	12	3	0	3	18	9	9
24	Sanford	32	6	26	2	1	1	30	5	25
25	Kissimmee	27	7	20	7	0	7	20	7	13
Statewide Totals		1,851	813	1,038	136	18	118	1,715	795	920



**Alprazolam Deaths by Age**

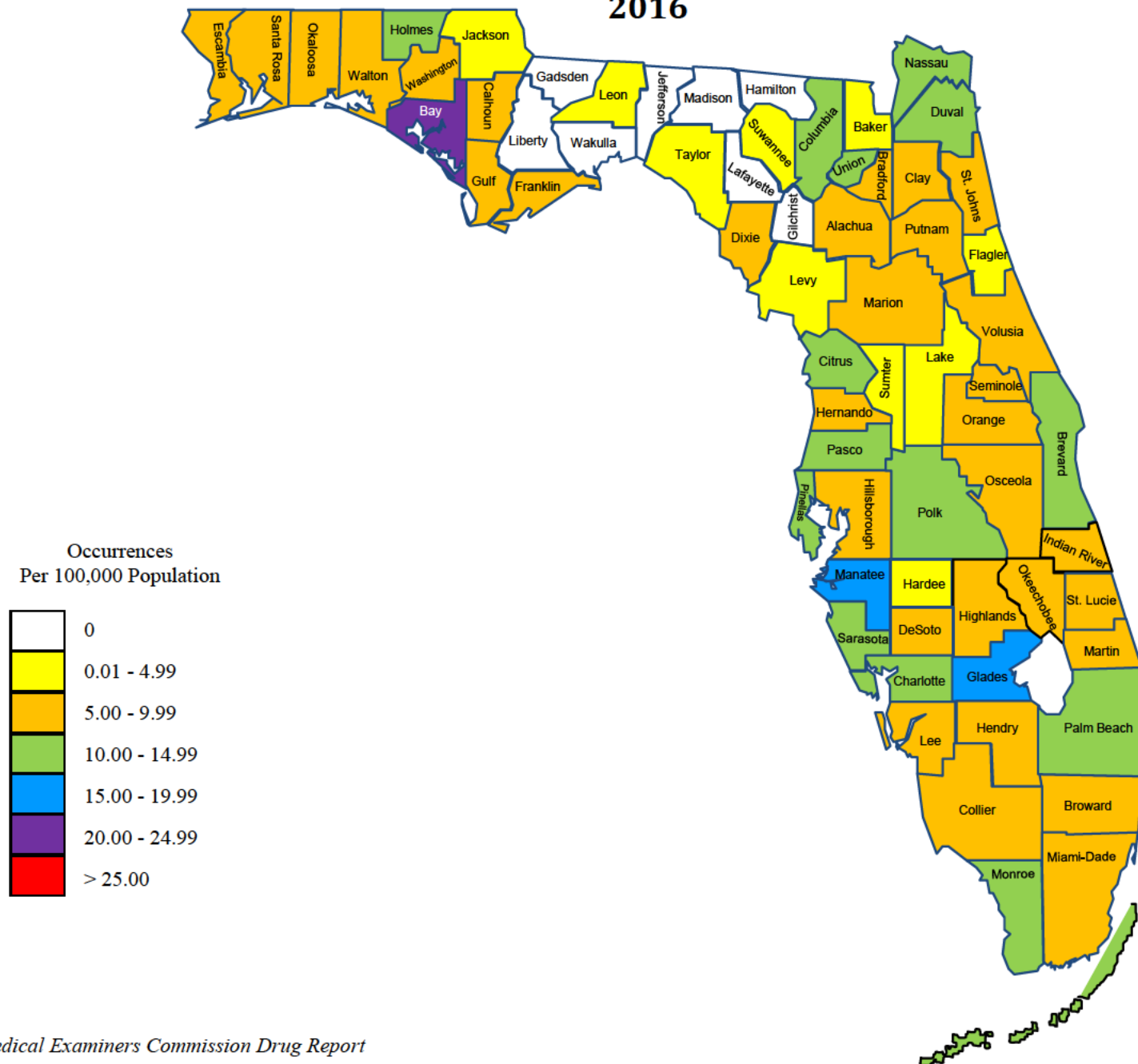
January – December 2016

<b>Medical Examiner District and Area of Florida</b>		
District	Area of Florida	Total
1	Pensacola	58
2	Tallahassee	9
3	Live Oak	9
4	Jacksonville	150
5	Leesburg	59
6	St. Petersburg	176
7	Daytona Beach	51
8	Gainesville	22
9	Orlando	95
10	Lakeland	76
11	Miami	241
12	Sarasota	111
13	Tampa	101
14	Panama City	51
15	West Palm Beach	165
16	Florida Keys	10
17	Ft. Lauderdale	169
18	Melbourne	66
19	Ft. Pierce	54
20	Naples	33
21	Ft. Myers	41
22	Port Charlotte	24
23	St. Augustine	21
24	Sanford	32
25	Kissimmee	27
<b>Statewide Totals</b>		<b>1,851</b>

<b>Alprazolam Caused Death</b>						
<i>Age of Decedent</i>						
Total	<18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50	
29	0	5	6	10	8	
8	2	2	1	3	0	
5	0	0	1	2	2	
72	1	7	15	27	22	
19	0	3	6	7	3	
106	1	10	20	45	30	
11	0	1	2	4	4	
10	0	1	4	2	3	
28	1	8	5	10	4	
34	1	0	8	13	12	
69	1	15	20	22	11	
65	0	7	17	22	19	
54	2	4	14	16	18	
23	0	1	2	15	5	
85	1	13	22	27	22	
6	0	0	2	4	0	
110	2	10	30	45	23	
23	0	3	5	10	5	
6	0	0	1	2	3	
9	0	0	1	7	1	
16	0	4	6	2	4	
3	0	0	0	1	2	
9	0	2	1	2	4	
6	0	0	1	4	1	
7	0	2	3	1	1	
<b>813</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>193</b>	<b>303</b>	<b>207</b>	

<b>Alprazolam Present at Death</b>						
<i>Age of Decedent</i>						
Total	<18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50	
29	0	4	7	12	6	
1	0	0	1	0	0	
4	0	1	0	1	2	
78	1	14	20	27	16	
40	1	2	6	13	18	
70	0	7	12	32	19	
40	0	6	5	18	11	
12	1	3	3	1	4	
67	2	16	15	16	18	
42	0	6	3	12	21	
172	1	26	37	42	66	
46	3	5	13	10	15	
47	0	7	5	11	24	
28	0	6	4	9	9	
80	0	16	15	21	28	
4	1	0	0	3	0	
59	0	9	8	17	25	
43	0	1	9	14	19	
48	0	4	12	11	21	
24	0	2	4	6	12	
25	0	5	3	9	8	
21	0	1	2	8	10	
12	0	1	2	4	5	
26	1	6	5	7	7	
20	0	3	2	6	9	
<b>1,038</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>193</b>	<b>310</b>	<b>373</b>	

## Alprazolam Deaths by County 2016



## Diazepam Deaths

January – December 2016

Medical Examiner District and Area of Florida		Total Deaths with Diazepam			Deaths with Diazepam Only			Deaths with Diazepam in Combination with Other Drugs		
District	Area of Florida	Total	Cause	Present	Total	Cause	Present	Total	Cause	Present
1	Pensacola	19	11	8	0	0	0	19	11	8
2	Tallahassee	6	2	4	0	0	0	6	2	4
3	Live Oak	8	1	7	0	0	0	8	1	7
4	Jacksonville	56	19	37	0	0	0	56	19	37
5	Leesburg	58	1	57	1	0	1	57	1	56
6	St. Petersburg	69	34	35	2	0	2	67	34	33
7	Daytona Beach	18	3	15	0	0	0	18	3	15
8	Gainesville	10	2	8	0	0	0	10	2	8
9	Orlando	27	2	25	0	0	0	27	2	25
10	Lakeland	14	4	10	0	0	0	14	4	10
11	Miami	53	5	48	1	0	1	52	5	47
12	Sarasota	26	17	9	0	0	0	26	17	9
13	Tampa	36	14	22	1	0	1	35	14	21
14	Panama City	17	7	10	0	0	0	17	7	10
15	West Palm Beach	68	21	47	1	1	0	67	20	47
16	Florida Keys	7	3	4	0	0	0	7	3	4
17	Ft. Lauderdale	37	13	24	3	0	3	34	13	21
18	Melbourne	31	12	19	1	0	1	30	12	18
19	Ft. Pierce	38	0	38	0	0	0	38	0	38
20	Naples	11	1	10	0	0	0	11	1	10
21	Ft. Myers	20	8	12	0	0	0	20	8	12
22	Port Charlotte	4	0	4	0	0	0	4	0	4
23	St. Augustine	10	2	8	0	0	0	10	2	8
24	Sanford	7	0	7	1	0	1	6	0	6
25	Kissimmee	14	1	13	1	0	1	13	1	12
Statewide Totals		664	183	481	12	1	11	652	182	470

## Diazepam Deaths by Age

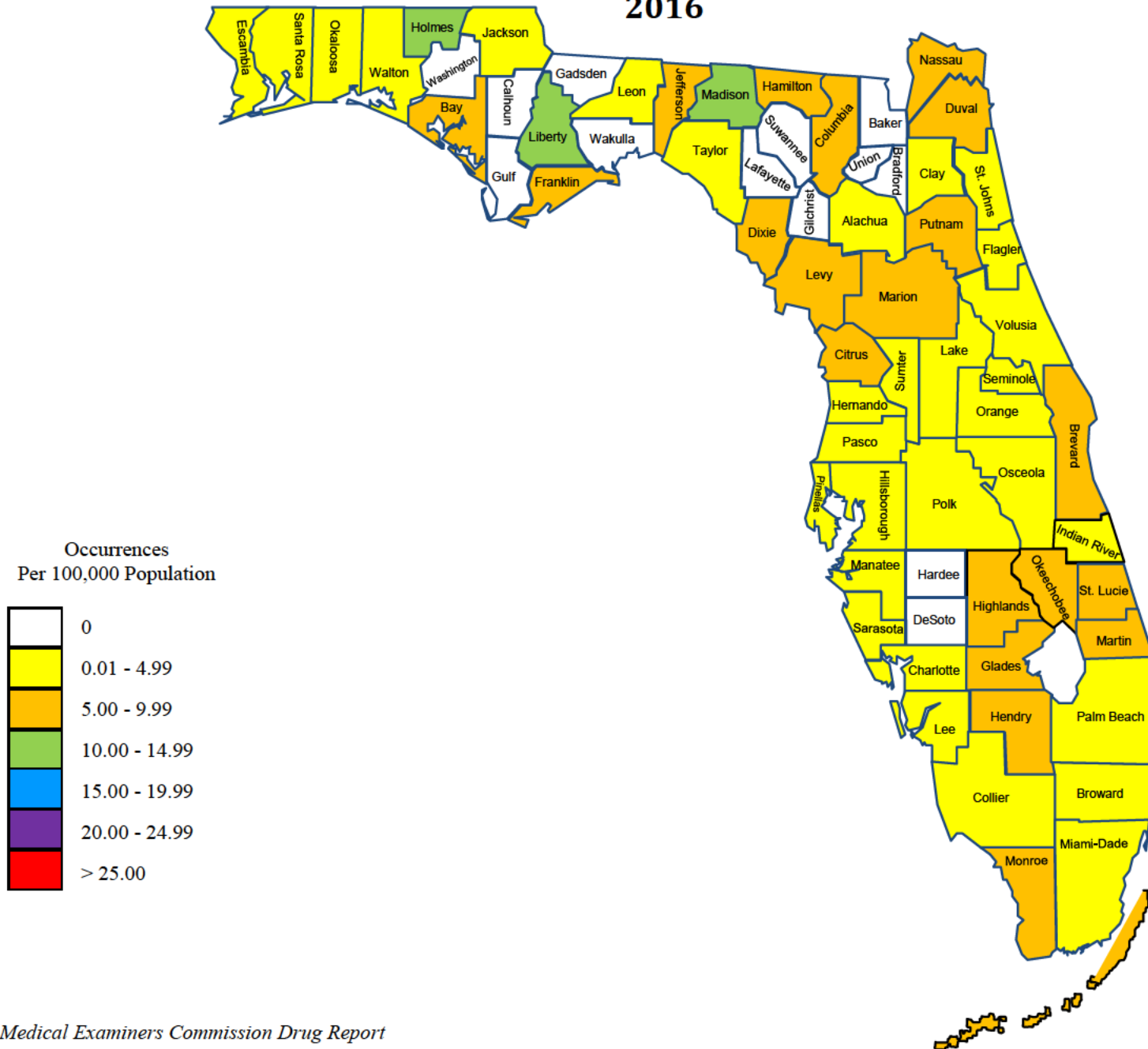
January – December 2016

Medical Examiner District and Area of Florida		
District	Area of Florida	Total
1	Pensacola	19
2	Tallahassee	6
3	Live Oak	8
4	Jacksonville	56
5	Leesburg	58
6	St. Petersburg	69
7	Daytona Beach	18
8	Gainesville	10
9	Orlando	27
10	Lakeland	14
11	Miami	53
12	Sarasota	26
13	Tampa	36
14	Panama City	17
15	West Palm Beach	68
16	Florida Keys	7
17	Ft. Lauderdale	37
18	Melbourne	31
19	Ft. Pierce	38
20	Naples	11
21	Ft. Myers	20
22	Port Charlotte	4
23	St. Augustine	10
24	Sanford	7
25	Kissimmee	14
<b>Statewide Totals</b>		<b>664</b>

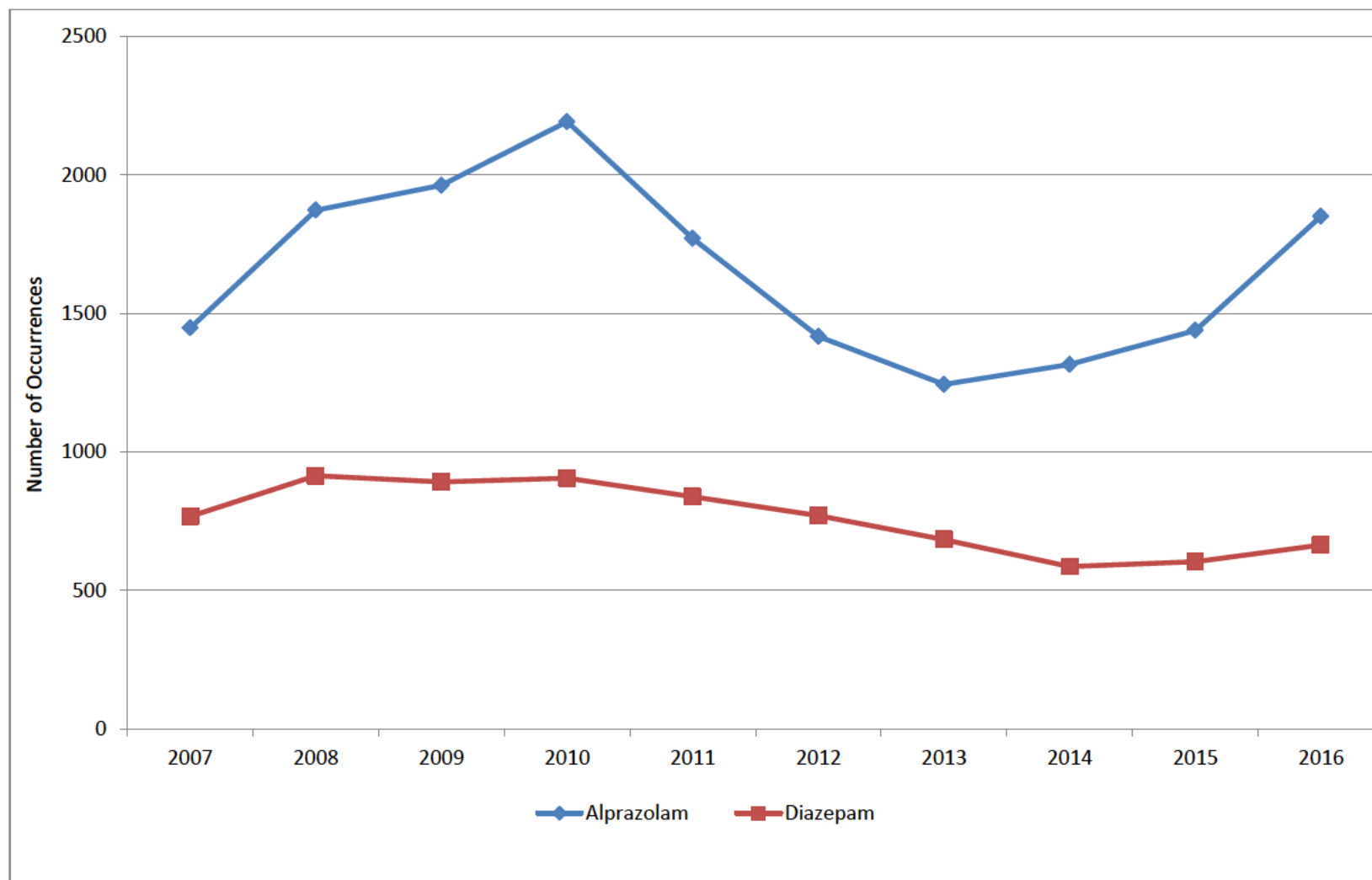
Diazepam Caused Death						
Age of Decedent						
Total	< 18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50	
11	0	1	2	5	3	
2	0	0	0	1	1	
1	0	0	0	0	1	
19	0	1	5	11	2	
1	0	0	0	1	0	
34	0	0	4	9	21	
3	0	0	0	1	2	
2	0	0	1	0	1	
2	0	0	0	1	1	
4	0	0	1	0	3	
5	0	1	0	3	1	
17	0	1	5	5	6	
14	0	0	1	3	10	
7	0	0	1	4	2	
21	0	0	4	6	11	
3	0	0	0	1	2	
13	0	0	4	7	2	
12	0	1	2	3	6	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	0	0	1	
8	0	0	2	3	3	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
2	0	0	0	1	1	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	0	1	0	0	0	
<b>183</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>80</b>	

Diazepam Present at Death						
Age of Decedent						
Total	<18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50	
8	0	1	0	2	5	
4	0	0	0	1	3	
7	0	0	0	3	4	
37	0	2	4	14	17	
57	0	2	7	16	32	
35	0	1	5	12	17	
15	0	0	2	7	6	
8	0	0	1	3	4	
25	0	2	1	9	13	
10	0	1	0	2	7	
48	0	4	5	14	25	
9	0	1	2	4	2	
22	0	1	1	4	16	
10	0	0	1	6	3	
47	0	6	5	11	25	
4	0	0	0	2	2	
24	0	0	3	10	11	
19	0	0	2	2	15	
38	1	2	3	7	25	
10	0	0	0	1	9	
12	0	1	0	4	7	
4	0	0	3	1	0	
8	1	0	1	2	4	
7	1	2	1	1	2	
13	0	2	2	3	6	
<b>481</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>141</b>	<b>260</b>	

## Diazepam Deaths by County 2016



## Historical Overview of Alprazolam and Diazepam Occurrences (Present and Cause) 2007 to 2016



*Note: In 2011, District 15 (West Palm Beach) data was inadvertently duplicated. The data has been corrected and is accurately reflected in this report.*

## Oxycodone Deaths

January – December 2016

Medical Examiner District and Area of Florida		Total Deaths with Oxycodone			Deaths with Oxycodone Only			Deaths with Oxycodone in Combination with Other Drugs		
District	Area of Florida	Total	Cause	Present	Total	Cause	Present	Total	Cause	Present
1	Pensacola	30	16	14	1	1	0	29	15	14
2	Tallahassee	23	13	10	6	1	5	17	12	5
3	Live Oak	9	3	6	0	0	0	9	3	6
4	Jacksonville	118	66	52	0	0	0	118	66	52
5	Leesburg	74	39	35	7	3	4	67	36	31
6	St. Petersburg	142	91	51	11	9	2	131	82	49
7	Daytona Beach	43	12	31	2	0	2	41	12	29
8	Gainesville	28	15	13	5	2	3	23	13	10
9	Orlando	63	26	37	7	1	6	56	25	31
10	Lakeland	43	23	20	1	0	1	42	23	19
11	Miami	103	54	49	2	0	2	101	54	47
12	Sarasota	70	41	29	5	0	5	65	41	24
13	Tampa	90	39	51	10	1	9	80	38	42
14	Panama City	25	13	12	1	0	1	24	13	11
15	West Palm Beach	120	71	49	11	5	6	109	66	43
16	Florida Keys	6	3	3	0	0	0	6	3	3
17	Ft. Lauderdale	109	73	36	10	2	8	99	71	28
18	Melbourne	81	38	43	7	0	7	74	38	36
19	Ft. Pierce	61	22	39	3	1	2	58	21	37
20	Naples	37	17	20	0	0	0	37	17	20
21	Ft. Myers	38	18	20	2	0	2	36	18	18
22	Port Charlotte	23	6	17	1	0	1	22	6	16
23	St. Augustine	17	12	5	3	1	2	14	11	3
24	Sanford	14	6	8	1	0	1	13	6	7
25	Kissimmee	15	6	9	3	0	3	12	6	6
Statewide Totals		1,382	723	659	99	27	72	1,283	696	587

## Oxycodone Deaths by Age

January – December 2016

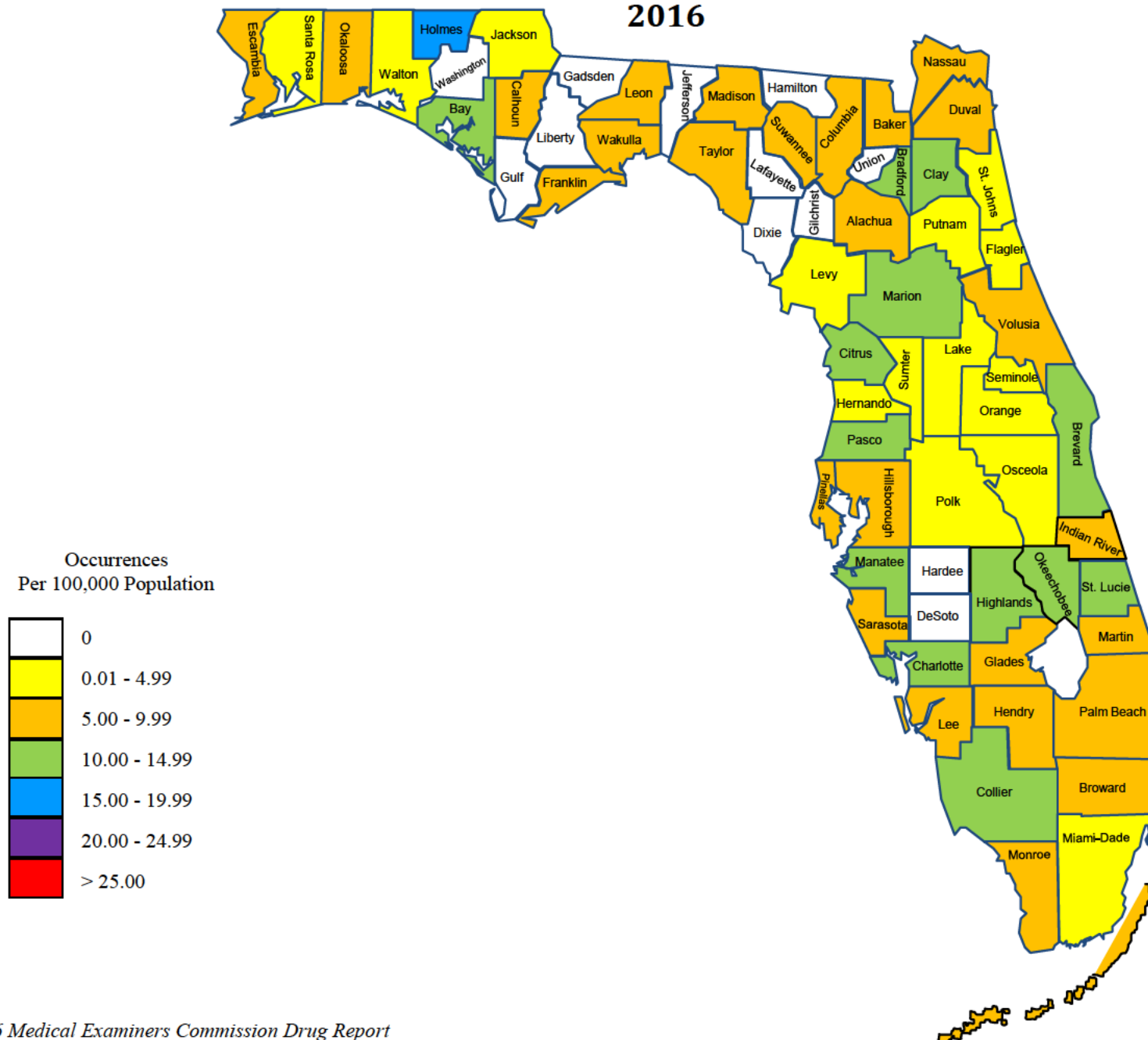
Medical Examiner District and Area of Florida		
District	Area of Florida	Total
1	Pensacola	30
2	Tallahassee	23
3	Live Oak	9
4	Jacksonville	118
5	Leesburg	74
6	St. Petersburg	142
7	Daytona Beach	43
8	Gainesville	28
9	Orlando	63
10	Lakeland	43
11	Miami	103
12	Sarasota	70
13	Tampa	90
14	Panama City	25
15	West Palm Beach	120
16	Florida Keys	6
17	Ft. Lauderdale	109
18	Melbourne	81
19	Ft. Pierce	61
20	Naples	37
21	Ft. Myers	38
22	Port Charlotte	23
23	St. Augustine	17
24	Sanford	14
25	Kissimmee	15
Statewide Totals		1,382

Oxycodone Caused Death						
Age of Decedent						
Total	< 18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50	
16	0	2	4	3	7	
13	0	2	1	4	6	
3	0	0	1	1	1	
66	3	2	13	26	22	
39	0	0	2	14	23	
91	1	5	9	33	43	
12	0	0	4	4	4	
15	0	0	2	5	8	
26	0	2	4	9	11	
23	0	0	1	10	12	
54	0	8	11	22	13	
41	0	2	7	17	15	
39	1	0	7	14	17	
13	0	0	1	9	3	
71	0	2	12	26	31	
3	0	0	1	2	0	
73	0	5	13	31	24	
38	0	3	5	12	18	
22	0	1	1	4	16	
17	0	2	6	5	4	
18	0	0	6	7	5	
6	0	0	1	1	4	
12	0	1	2	4	5	
6	0	1	2	2	1	
6	0	0	0	3	3	
723	5	38	116	268	296	

Oxycodone Present at Death						
Age of Decedent						
Total	<18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50	
14	0	1	2	8	3	
10	0	0	0	3	7	
6	0	1	1	2	2	
52	0	1	10	21	20	
35	0	0	7	10	18	
51	0	2	8	11	30	
31	0	1	3	12	15	
13	0	0	2	4	7	
37	0	5	5	9	18	
20	0	1	2	6	11	
49	0	2	4	13	30	
29	0	0	4	4	21	
51	0	3	5	12	31	
12	0	0	0	5	7	
49	0	1	11	14	23	
3	1	0	0	2	0	
36	0	1	7	10	18	
43	0	3	4	11	25	
39	0	1	5	12	21	
20	0	3	2	3	12	
20	0	2	0	8	10	
17	0	1	2	5	9	
5	0	0	1	2	2	
8	0	0	2	1	5	
9	0	1	2	3	3	
659	1	30	89	191	348	



## Oxycodone Deaths by County 2016



## Hydrocodone Deaths

January – December 2016

Medical Examiner District and Area of Florida	
District	Area of Florida
1	Pensacola
2	Tallahassee
3	Live Oak
4	Jacksonville
5	Leesburg
6	St. Petersburg
7	Daytona Beach
8	Gainesville
9	Orlando
10	Lakeland
11	Miami
12	Sarasota
13	Tampa
14	Panama City
15	West Palm Beach
16	Florida Keys
17	Ft. Lauderdale
18	Melbourne
19	Ft. Pierce
20	Naples
21	Ft. Myers
22	Port Charlotte
23	St. Augustine
24	Sanford
25	Kissimmee
<b>Statewide Totals</b>	

Total Deaths with Hydrocodone		
Total	Cause	Present
31	5	26
15	5	10
10	1	9
90	33	57
39	23	16
56	21	35
38	14	24
14	3	11
34	10	24
35	7	28
34	9	25
30	14	16
43	15	28
22	9	13
28	17	11
2	0	2
21	13	8
36	12	24
30	7	23
13	3	10
23	10	13
11	2	9
19	5	14
11	5	6
7	2	5
<b>692</b>	<b>245</b>	<b>447</b>

Deaths with Hydrocodone Only		
Total	Cause	Present
1	0	1
3	1	2
3	0	3
5	0	5
6	2	4
10	2	8
6	1	5
5	1	4
4	0	4
5	1	4
2	0	2
1	1	0
10	1	9
3	0	3
3	1	2
2	0	2
4	1	3
7	0	7
4	1	3
3	0	3
2	0	2
0	0	0
4	0	4
2	1	1
1	1	0
<b>96</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>81</b>

Deaths with Hydrocodone in Combination with Other Drugs		
Total	Cause	Present
30	5	25
12	4	8
7	1	6
85	33	52
33	21	12
46	19	27
32	13	19
9	2	7
30	10	20
30	6	24
32	9	23
29	13	16
33	14	19
19	9	10
25	16	9
0	0	0
17	12	5
29	12	17
26	6	20
10	3	7
21	10	11
11	2	9
15	5	10
9	4	5
6	1	5
<b>596</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>366</b>

## Hydrocodone Deaths by Age

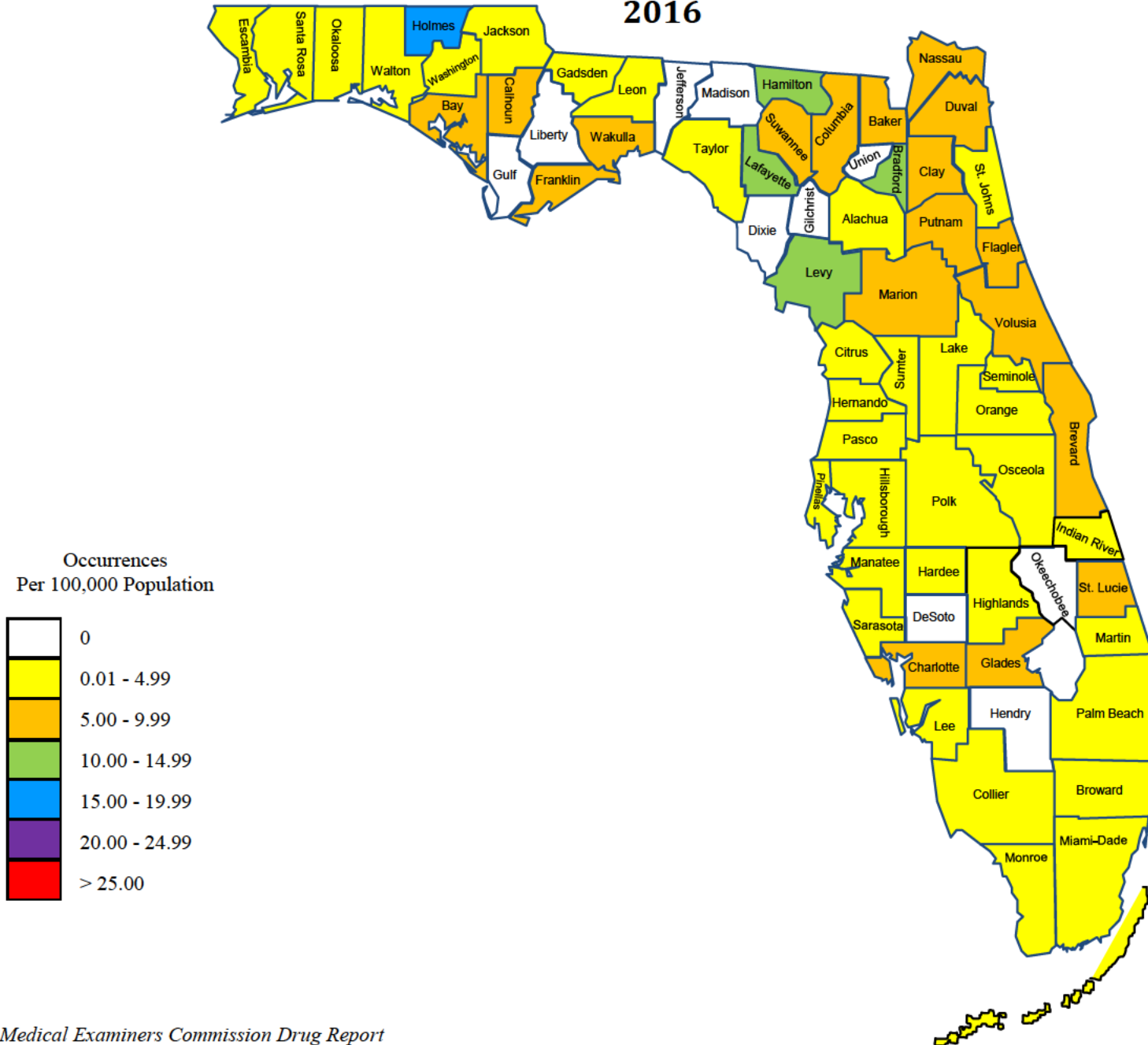
January – December 2016

Medical Examiner District and Area of Florida		
District	Area of Florida	Total
1	Pensacola	31
2	Tallahassee	15
3	Live Oak	10
4	Jacksonville	90
5	Leesburg	39
6	St. Petersburg	56
7	Daytona Beach	38
8	Gainesville	14
9	Orlando	34
10	Lakeland	35
11	Miami	34
12	Sarasota	30
13	Tampa	43
14	Panama City	22
15	West Palm Beach	28
16	Florida Keys	2
17	Ft. Lauderdale	21
18	Melbourne	36
19	Ft. Pierce	30
20	Naples	13
21	Ft. Myers	23
22	Port Charlotte	11
23	St. Augustine	19
24	Sanford	11
25	Kissimmee	7
<b>Statewide Totals</b>		<b>692</b>

Hydrocodone Caused Death						
Age of Decedent						
Total	< 18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50	
5	0	1	1	2	1	
5	0	0	1	2	2	
1	0	0	0	1	0	
33	0	3	6	11	13	
23	0	0	0	6	17	
21	0	0	3	10	8	
14	0	1	2	5	6	
3	0	0	0	0	3	
10	0	0	2	6	2	
7	0	0	0	2	5	
9	0	1	2	2	4	
14	0	0	0	3	11	
15	0	1	5	1	8	
9	0	0	0	6	3	
17	0	0	5	4	8	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
13	0	0	1	4	8	
12	0	2	1	2	7	
7	0	1	1	0	5	
3	0	0	1	2	0	
10	0	0	3	3	4	
2	0	0	1	0	1	
5	0	0	0	2	3	
5	0	0	0	2	3	
2	0	0	0	0	2	
<b>245</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>124</b>	

Hydrocodone Present at Death						
Age of Decedent						
Total	<18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50	
26	0	3	5	9	9	
10	0	3	0	1	6	
9	0	0	0	3	6	
57	0	7	4	20	26	
16	0	2	1	4	9	
35	0	1	2	6	26	
24	0	1	2	9	12	
11	0	1	0	2	8	
24	0	3	4	5	12	
28	0	3	5	7	13	
25	0	2	2	5	16	
16	0	2	2	6	6	
28	0	1	3	3	21	
13	0	1	1	4	7	
11	0	1	0	4	6	
2	0	0	0	0	2	
8	0	1	0	2	5	
24	0	0	4	4	16	
23	0	1	1	5	16	
10	0	0	1	2	7	
13	0	1	0	4	8	
9	0	0	1	5	3	
14	1	2	2	1	8	
6	0	0	0	4	2	
5	0	1	0	1	3	
<b>447</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>116</b>	<b>253</b>	

## Hydrocodone Deaths by County 2016



## Methadone Deaths

January – December 2016

Medical Examiner District and Area of Florida	
District	Area of Florida
1	Pensacola
2	Tallahassee
3	Live Oak
4	Jacksonville
5	Leesburg
6	St. Petersburg
7	Daytona Beach
8	Gainesville
9	Orlando
10	Lakeland
11	Miami
12	Sarasota
13	Tampa
14	Panama City
15	West Palm Beach
16	Florida Keys
17	Ft. Lauderdale
18	Melbourne
19	Ft. Pierce
20	Naples
21	Ft. Myers
22	Port Charlotte
23	St. Augustine
24	Sanford
25	Kissimmee
<b>Statewide Totals</b>	

Total Deaths with Methadone		
Total	Cause	Present
20	9	11
7	4	3
5	2	3
35	26	9
60	40	20
75	52	23
15	11	4
12	7	5
21	14	7
18	14	4
18	14	4
34	22	12
40	27	13
7	6	1
23	13	10
1	1	0
14	10	4
30	21	9
15	3	12
16	11	5
10	8	2
4	1	3
9	7	2
4	4	0
6	3	3
<b>499</b>	<b>330</b>	<b>169</b>

Deaths with Methadone Only		
Total	Cause	Present
3	1	2
1	1	0
1	0	1
0	0	0
10	7	3
6	2	4
0	0	0
3	2	1
2	2	0
0	0	0
0	0	0
2	1	1
9	5	4
0	0	0
1	1	0
0	0	0
2	1	1
3	1	2
2	1	1
5	4	1
0	0	0
1	1	0
2	1	1
1	1	0
1	0	1
<b>55</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>23</b>

Deaths with Methadone in Combination with Other Drugs		
Total	Cause	Present
17	8	9
6	3	3
4	2	2
35	26	9
50	33	17
69	50	19
15	11	4
9	5	4
19	12	7
18	14	4
18	14	4
32	21	11
31	22	9
7	6	1
22	12	10
1	1	0
12	9	3
27	20	7
13	2	11
11	7	4
10	8	2
3	0	3
7	6	1
3	3	0
5	3	2
<b>444</b>	<b>298</b>	<b>146</b>

## Methadone Deaths by Age

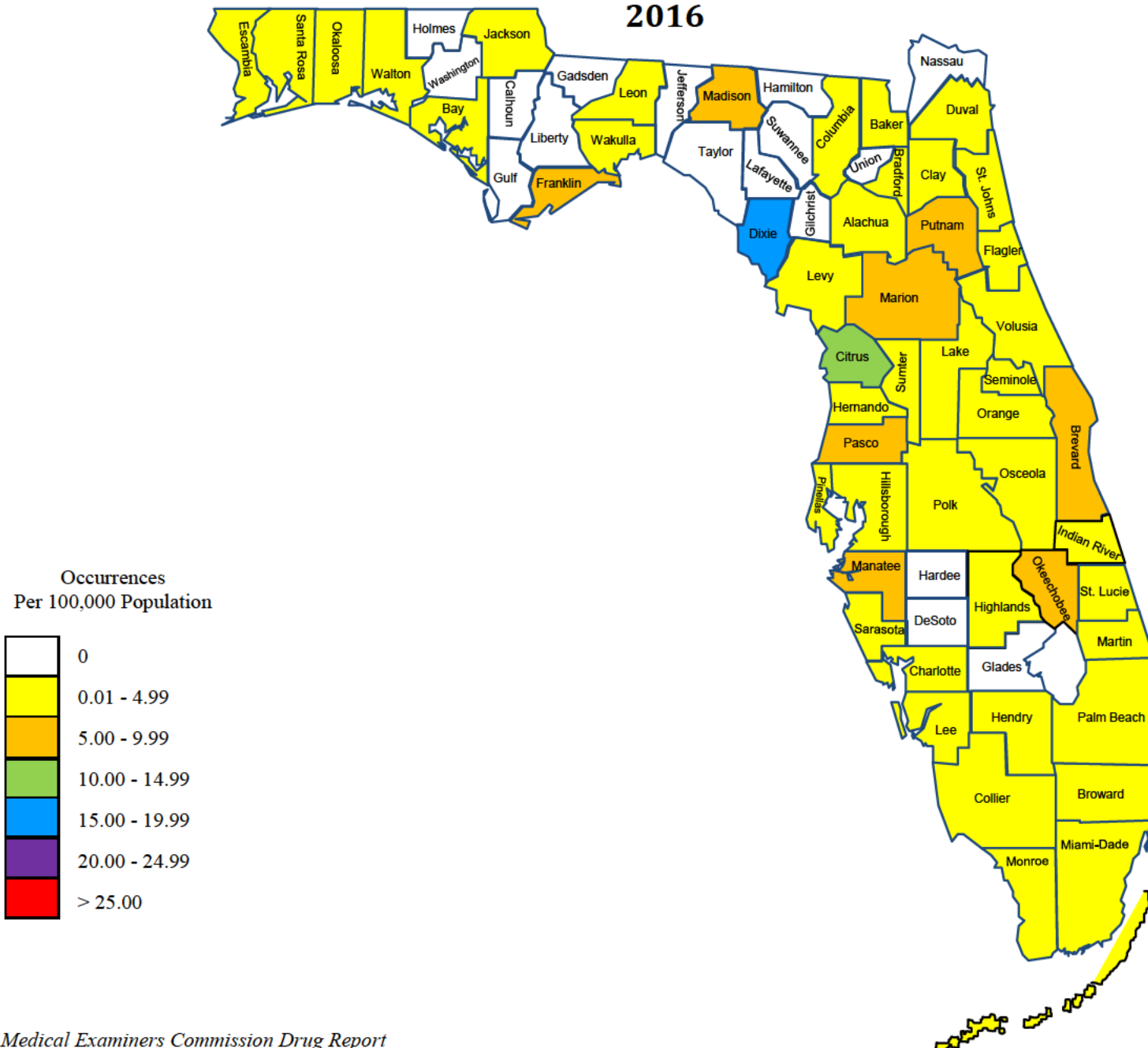
January – December 2016

Medical Examiner District and Area of Florida		
District	Area of Florida	Total
1	Pensacola	20
2	Tallahassee	7
3	Live Oak	5
4	Jacksonville	35
5	Leesburg	60
6	St. Petersburg	75
7	Daytona Beach	15
8	Gainesville	12
9	Orlando	21
10	Lakeland	18
11	Miami	18
12	Sarasota	34
13	Tampa	40
14	Panama City	7
15	West Palm Beach	23
16	Florida Keys	1
17	Ft. Lauderdale	14
18	Melbourne	30
19	Ft. Pierce	15
20	Naples	16
21	Ft. Myers	10
22	Port Charlotte	4
23	St. Augustine	9
24	Sanford	4
25	Kissimmee	6
Statewide Totals		499

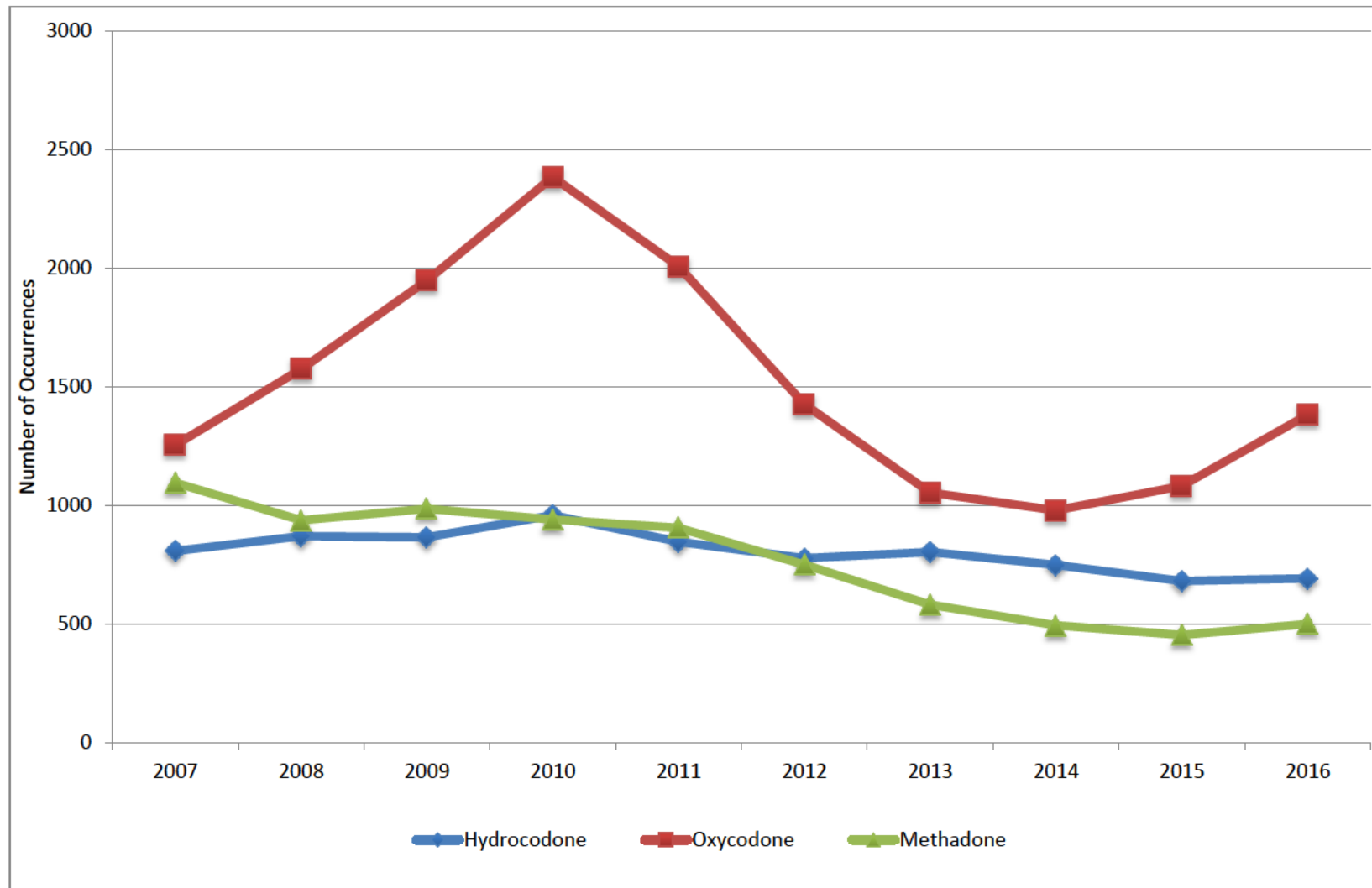
Methadone Caused Death						
Age of Decedent						
Total	<18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50	
9	0	0	1	3	5	
4	0	0	0	2	2	
2	0	0	0	1	1	
26	0	1	5	11	9	
40	0	2	6	16	16	
52	0	0	14	25	13	
11	0	1	2	4	4	
7	0	1	2	1	3	
14	0	0	2	5	7	
14	0	0	2	3	9	
14	0	4	5	2	3	
22	0	1	7	8	6	
27	0	0	6	8	13	
6	0	0	2	3	1	
13	0	1	5	2	5	
1	0	0	0	0	1	
10	0	0	4	3	3	
21	0	2	3	4	12	
3	0	0	1	1	1	
11	1	0	1	6	3	
8	0	0	2	3	3	
1	0	0	0	1	0	
7	0	0	2	3	2	
4	0	0	1	3	0	
3	0	0	1	1	1	
330	1	13	74	119	123	

Methadone Present at Death						
Age of Decedent						
Total	<18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50	
11	0	0	2	4	5	
3	0	1	1	0	1	
3	0	0	0	1	2	
9	0	1	1	6	1	
20	0	1	3	9	7	
23	1	1	5	5	11	
4	0	0	1	3	0	
5	1	1	2	1	0	
7	0	0	2	2	3	
4	0	1	1	0	2	
4	0	0	0	2	2	
12	0	0	5	3	4	
13	0	0	3	3	7	
1	0	0	0	1	0	
10	0	0	1	6	3	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
4	0	0	1	1	2	
9	0	0	0	2	7	
12	0	0	1	7	4	
5	0	0	0	0	5	
2	0	0	0	1	1	
3	0	0	0	2	1	
2	0	0	0	2	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
3	0	0	0	2	1	
169	2	6	29	63	69	

## Methadone Deaths by County 2016



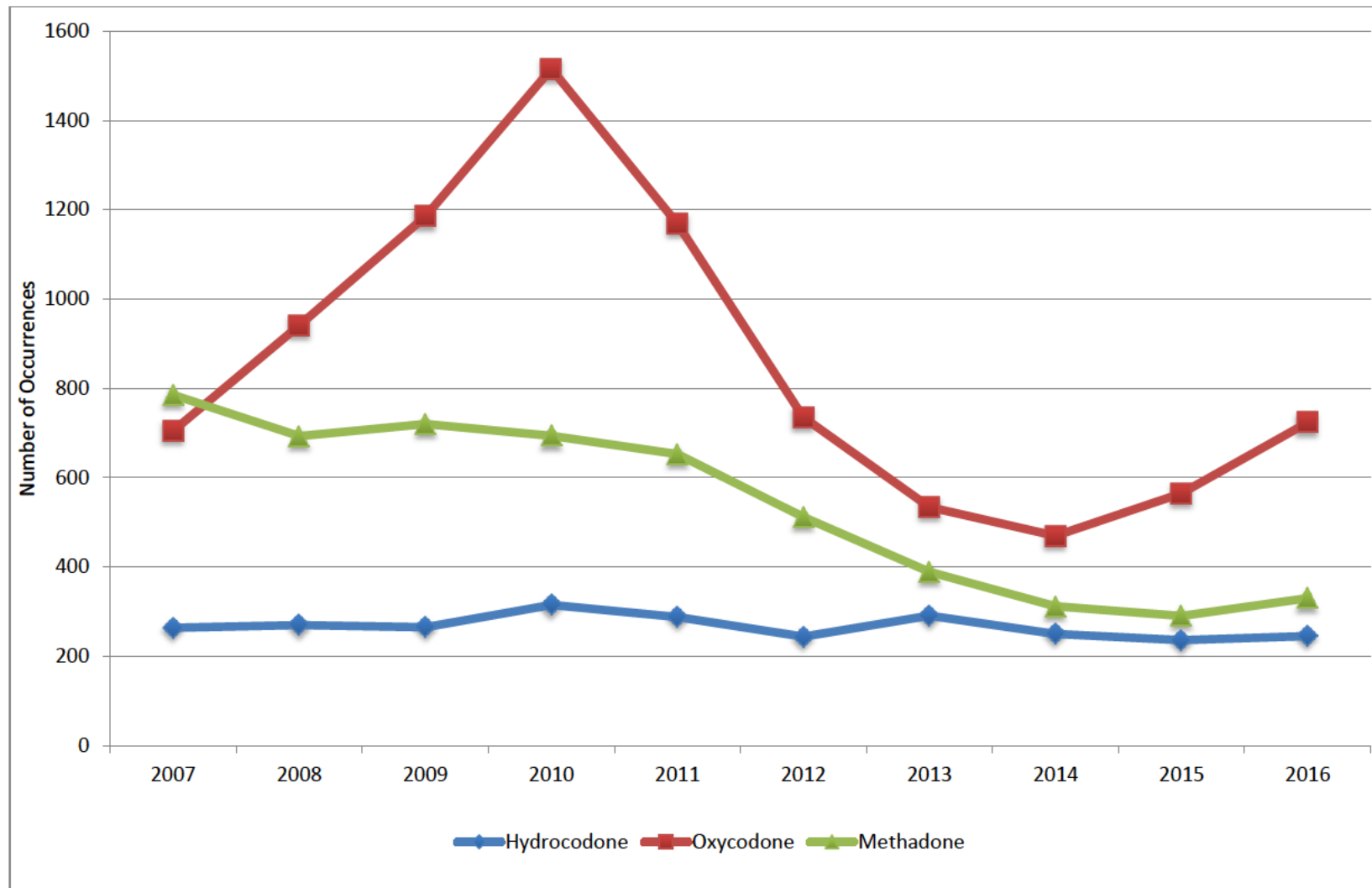
## Historical Overview of Hydrocodone, Oxycodone, and Methadone Occurrences (Present and Cause) 2007 to 2016



*Note: In 2011, District 15 (West Palm Beach) data was inadvertently duplicated. The data has been corrected and is accurately reflected in this report.*



## Historical Overview of Deaths Caused by Hydrocodone, Oxycodone, and Methadone 2007 to 2016



*Note: In 2011, District 15 (West Palm Beach) data was inadvertently duplicated. The data has been corrected and is accurately reflected in this report.*

## Morphine Deaths

January – December 2016

Medical Examiner District and Area of Florida	
District	Area of Florida
1	Pensacola
2	Tallahassee
3	Live Oak
4	Jacksonville
5	Leesburg
6	St. Petersburg
7	Daytona Beach
8	Gainesville
9	Orlando
10	Lakeland
11	Miami
12	Sarasota
13	Tampa
14	Panama City
15	West Palm Beach
16	Florida Keys
17	Ft. Lauderdale
18	Melbourne
19	Ft. Pierce
20	Naples
21	Ft. Myers
22	Port Charlotte
23	St. Augustine
24	Sanford
25	Kissimmee
<b>Statewide Totals</b>	

Total Deaths with Morphine		
Total	Cause	Present
62	46	16
20	3	17
12	7	5
145	125	20
122	74	48
145	84	61
45	29	16
24	9	15
148	100	48
47	16	31
237	172	65
77	23	54
109	64	45
15	6	9
256	227	29
12	8	4
193	132	61
76	52	24
49	23	26
34	19	15
81	55	26
39	4	35
14	5	9
40	32	8
38	23	15
<b>2,040</b>	<b>1,338</b>	<b>702</b>

Deaths with Morphine Only		
Total	Cause	Present
2	1	1
4	0	4
3	1	2
3	3	0
4	1	3
17	9	8
0	0	0
7	1	6
7	0	7
6	1	5
5	0	5
4	1	3
17	3	14
0	0	0
3	1	2
1	0	1
13	4	9
3	1	2
7	2	5
0	0	0
5	1	4
8	0	8
2	0	2
2	0	2
3	0	3
<b>126</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>96</b>

Deaths with Morphine in Combination with Other Drugs		
Total	Cause	Present
60	45	15
16	3	13
9	6	3
142	122	20
118	73	45
128	75	53
45	29	16
17	8	9
141	100	41
41	15	26
232	172	60
73	22	51
92	61	31
15	6	9
253	226	27
11	8	3
180	128	52
73	51	22
42	21	21
34	19	15
76	54	22
31	4	27
12	5	7
38	32	6
35	23	12
<b>1,914</b>	<b>1,308</b>	<b>606</b>

## Morphine Deaths by Age

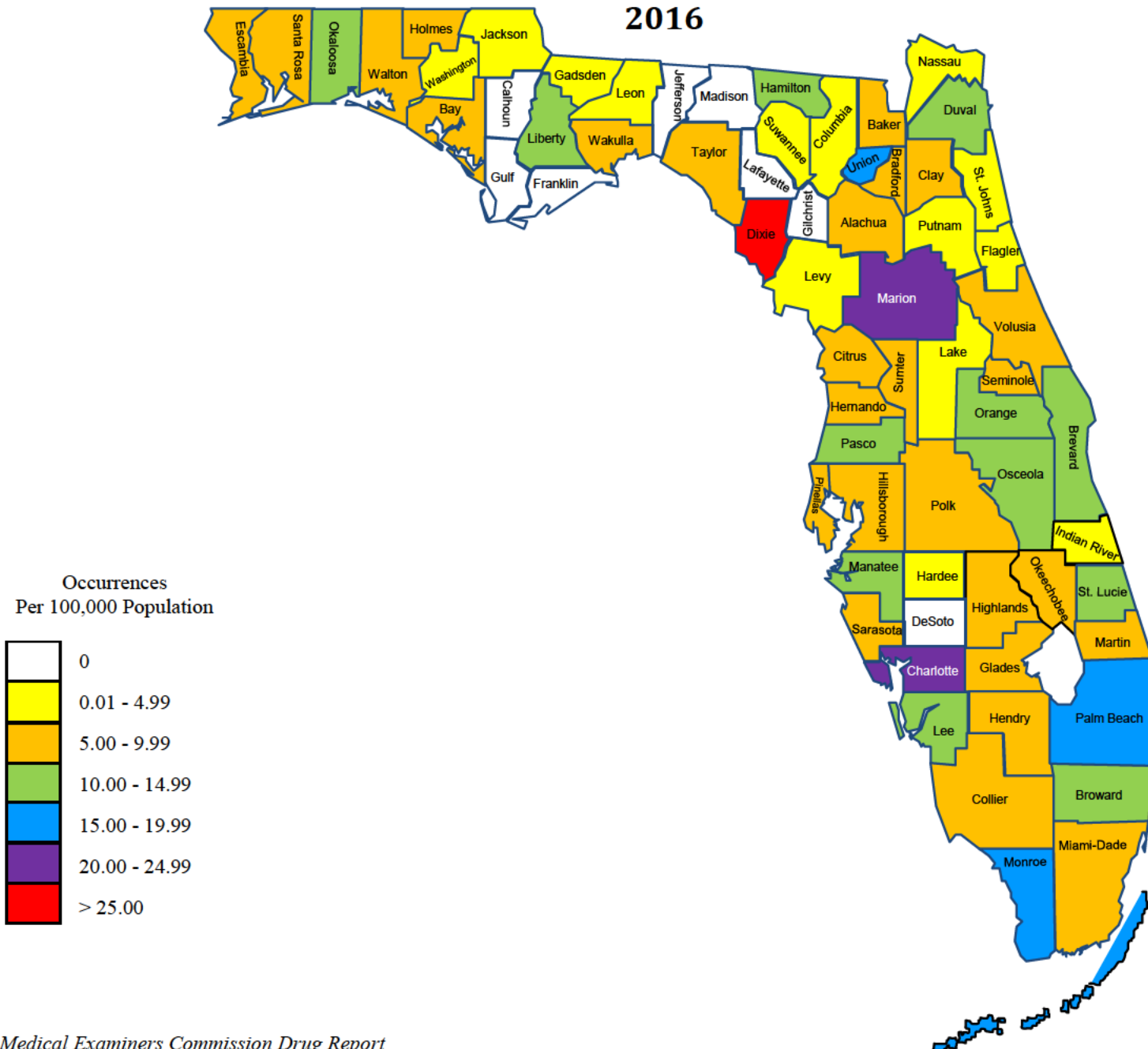
January – December 2016

Medical Examiner District and Area of Florida		
District	Area of Florida	Total
1	Pensacola	62
2	Tallahassee	20
3	Live Oak	12
4	Jacksonville	145
5	Leesburg	122
6	St. Petersburg	145
7	Daytona Beach	45
8	Gainesville	24
9	Orlando	148
10	Lakeland	47
11	Miami	237
12	Sarasota	77
13	Tampa	109
14	Panama City	15
15	West Palm Beach	256
16	Florida Keys	12
17	Ft. Lauderdale	193
18	Melbourne	76
19	Ft. Pierce	49
20	Naples	34
21	Ft. Myers	81
22	Port Charlotte	39
23	St. Augustine	14
24	Sanford	40
25	Kissimmee	38
Statewide Totals		2,040

Morphine Caused Death					
Age of Decedent					
Total	<18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50
46	1	6	14	15	10
3	0	0	0	1	2
7	0	0	1	5	1
125	1	12	30	48	34
74	0	4	19	25	26
84	0	5	10	30	39
29	0	5	8	13	3
9	1	0	1	3	4
100	1	15	19	37	28
16	0	0	6	4	6
172	1	25	60	47	39
23	0	2	5	3	13
64	0	4	22	23	15
6	0	1	1	2	2
227	1	56	58	71	41
8	0	0	2	6	0
132	0	7	41	52	32
52	0	5	12	20	15
23	0	0	7	7	9
19	0	3	7	5	4
55	0	9	14	21	11
4	0	0	2	1	1
5	0	2	0	2	1
32	1	7	10	9	5
23	0	5	6	9	3
1,338	7	173	355	459	344

Morphine Present at Death					
Age of Decedent					
Total	<18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50
16	0	2	4	5	5
17	1	1	2	5	8
5	0	0	0	1	4
20	0	0	4	7	9
48	0	3	9	23	13
61	0	3	12	22	24
16	0	1	0	5	10
15	1	1	1	1	11
48	1	3	4	10	30
31	0	3	5	6	17
65	0	1	12	31	21
54	0	3	12	16	23
45	1	3	5	16	20
9	0	1	2	4	2
29	0	3	10	7	9
4	0	1	1	2	0
61	0	6	17	17	21
24	0	1	5	5	13
26	0	1	6	4	15
15	0	1	1	2	11
26	0	1	5	9	11
35	0	0	5	10	20
9	0	0	1	3	5
8	0	2	0	4	2
15	0	1	4	2	8
702	4	42	127	217	312

## Morphine Deaths by County



## Fentanyl Deaths

January – December 2016

Medical Examiner District and Area of Florida		Total Deaths with Fentanyl			Deaths with Fentanyl Only			Deaths with Fentanyl in Combination with Other Drugs		
District	Area of Florida	Total	Cause	Present	Total	Cause	Present	Total	Cause	Present
1	Pensacola	16	13	3	3	2	1	13	11	2
2	Tallahassee	7	4	3	2	2	0	5	2	3
3	Live Oak	2	1	1	0	0	0	2	1	1
4	Jacksonville	281	239	42	17	12	5	264	227	37
5	Leesburg	71	60	11	8	7	1	63	53	10
6	St. Petersburg	70	58	12	5	4	1	65	54	11
7	Daytona Beach	32	27	5	0	0	0	32	27	5
8	Gainesville	13	11	2	2	1	1	11	10	1
9	Orlando	107	70	37	13	5	8	94	65	29
10	Lakeland	21	17	4	2	1	1	19	16	3
11	Miami	185	164	21	1	0	1	184	164	20
12	Sarasota	52	42	10	2	1	1	50	41	9
13	Tampa	35	28	7	6	3	3	29	25	4
14	Panama City	11	10	1	0	0	0	11	10	1
15	West Palm Beach	331	313	18	42	41	1	289	272	17
16	Florida Keys	8	8	0	2	2	0	6	6	0
17	Ft. Lauderdale	154	146	8	18	14	4	136	132	4
18	Melbourne	53	38	15	8	2	6	45	36	9
19	Ft. Pierce	63	37	26	7	4	3	56	33	23
20	Naples	14	12	2	0	0	0	14	12	2
21	Ft. Myers	47	34	13	8	5	3	39	29	10
22	Port Charlotte	12	5	7	0	0	0	12	5	7
23	St. Augustine	15	15	0	2	2	0	13	13	0
24	Sanford	29	25	4	1	1	0	28	24	4
25	Kissimmee	15	13	2	2	1	1	13	12	1
Statewide Totals		1,644	1,390	254	151	110	41	1,493	1,280	213

## Fentanyl Deaths by Age

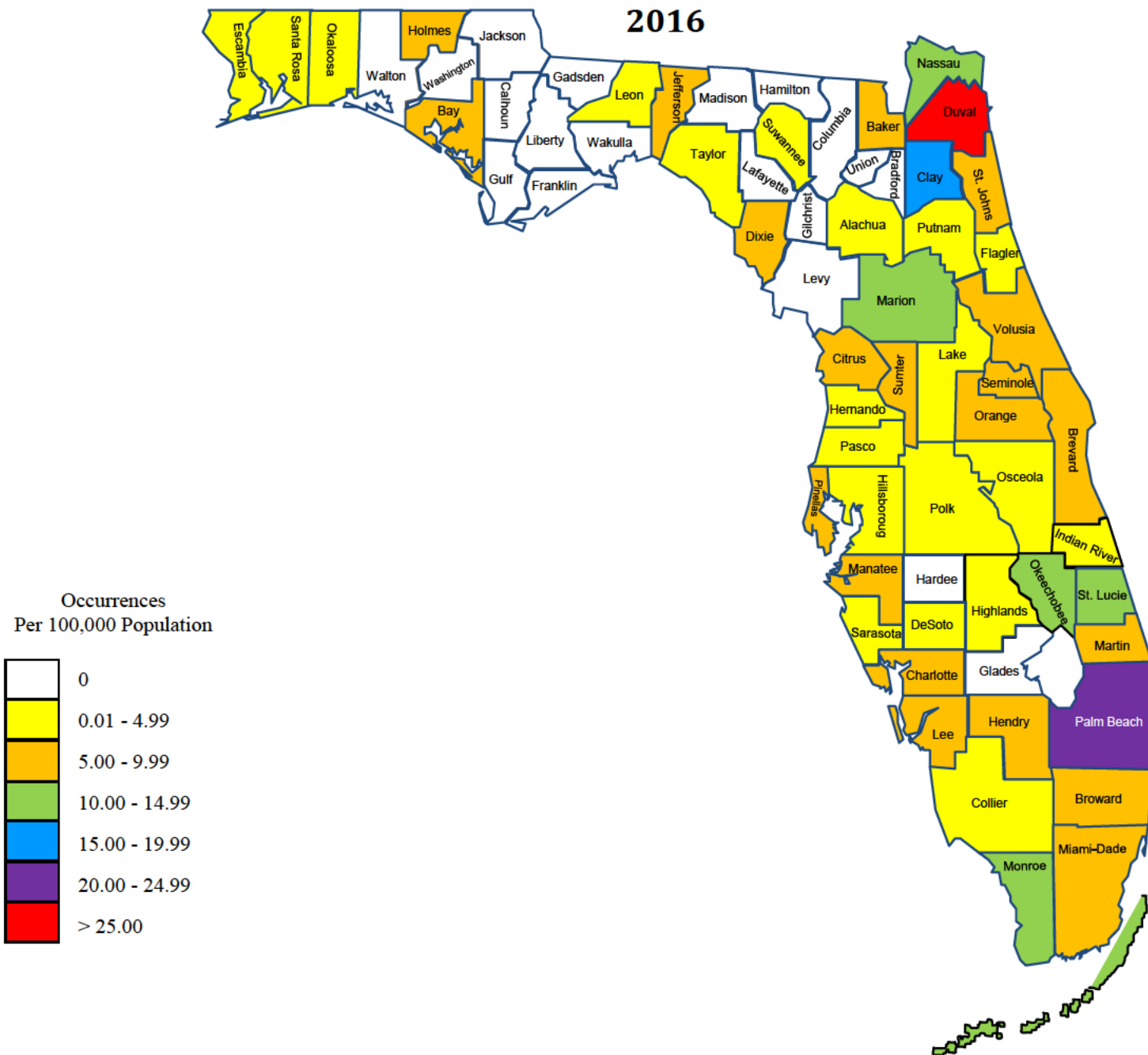
January – December 2016

Medical Examiner District and Area of Florida		
District	Area of Florida	Total
1	Pensacola	16
2	Tallahassee	7
3	Live Oak	2
4	Jacksonville	281
5	Leesburg	71
6	St. Petersburg	70
7	Daytona Beach	32
8	Gainesville	13
9	Orlando	107
10	Lakeland	21
11	Miami	185
12	Sarasota	52
13	Tampa	35
14	Panama City	11
15	West Palm Beach	331
16	Florida Keys	8
17	Ft. Lauderdale	154
18	Melbourne	53
19	Ft. Pierce	63
20	Naples	14
21	Ft. Myers	47
22	Port Charlotte	12
23	St. Augustine	15
24	Sanford	29
25	Kissimmee	15
Statewide Totals		1,644

Fentanyl Caused Death						
Age of Decedent						
Total	<18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50	
13	0	3	4	4	2	
4	0	1	2	1	0	
1	0	0	0	0	1	
239	3	22	69	108	37	
60	0	6	11	28	15	
58	2	8	16	19	13	
27	0	3	6	12	6	
11	0	1	4	5	1	
70	0	12	18	28	12	
17	1	2	6	6	2	
164	1	20	52	57	34	
42	0	5	12	11	14	
28	1	4	12	6	5	
10	0	0	4	4	2	
313	0	67	109	97	40	
8	0	1	1	4	2	
146	2	20	42	59	23	
38	0	3	10	17	8	
37	0	6	11	13	7	
12	0	3	4	3	2	
34	0	2	13	12	7	
5	0	0	3	2	0	
15	0	3	3	8	1	
25	0	4	11	5	5	
13	1	1	5	4	2	
1,390	11	197	428	513	241	

Fentanyl Present at Death						
Age of Decedent						
Total	<18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50	
3	0	0	1	1	1	
3	0	0	0	2	1	
1	0	0	0	1	0	
42	1	6	8	9	18	
11	0	2	1	5	3	
12	1	0	3	4	4	
5	0	0	0	2	3	
2	0	1	0	1	0	
37	0	2	2	12	21	
4	0	0	0	3	1	
21	1	1	5	9	5	
10	0	1	2	2	5	
7	0	0	1	3	3	
1	0	1	0	0	0	
18	0	3	4	4	7	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
8	0	0	2	2	4	
15	1	0	4	5	5	
26	0	4	2	6	14	
2	0	1	0	0	1	
13	0	1	5	3	4	
7	0	0	1	5	1	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
4	0	1	0	1	2	
2	0	0	0	0	2	
254	4	24	41	80	105	

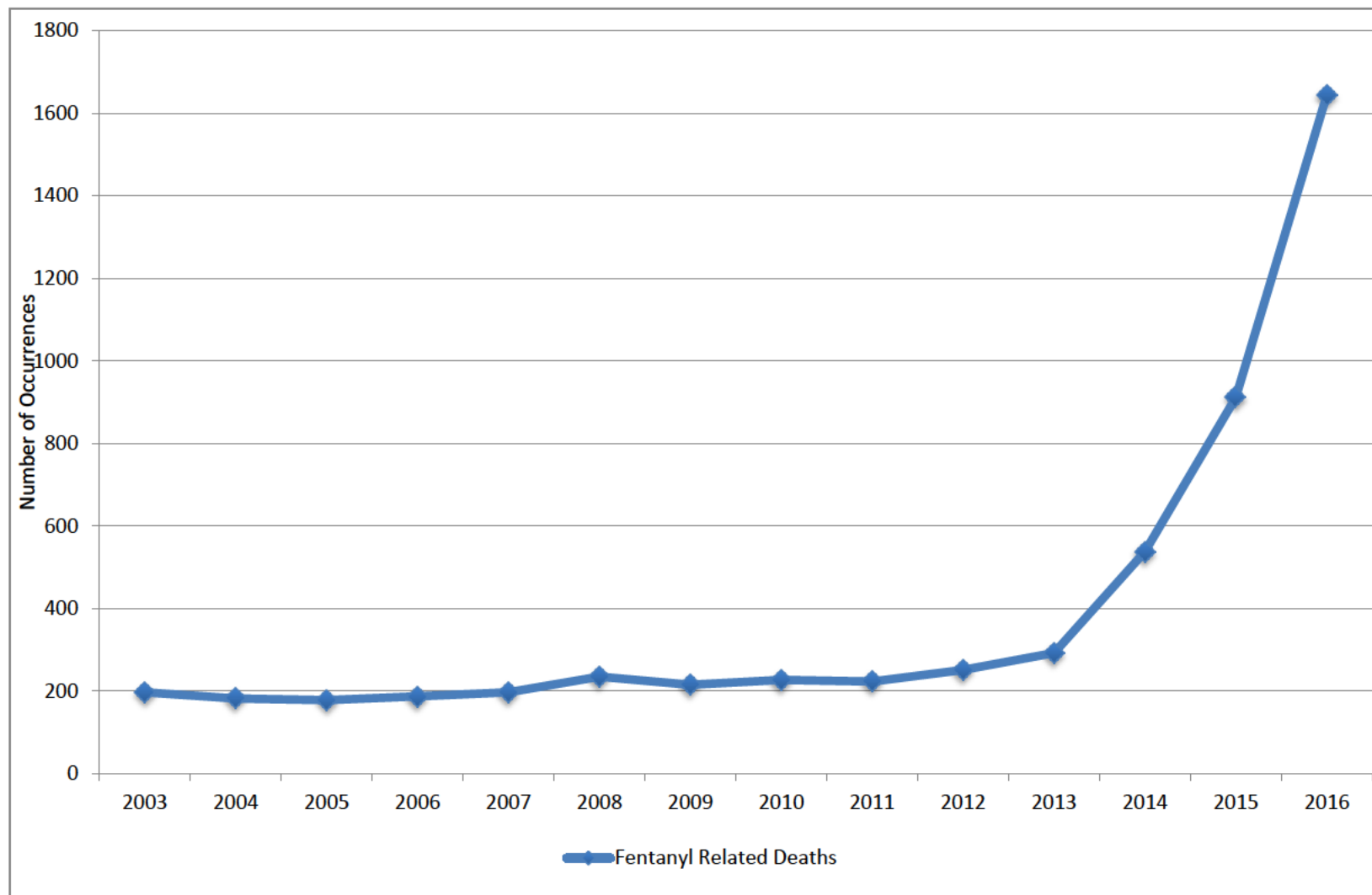
## Fentanyl Deaths by County 2016



## Historical Overview of Fentanyl Occurrences<sup>1</sup>

(Present and Cause)

2003 to 2016



<sup>1</sup>Prior to 2016, the number of fentanyl occurrences indicated includes occurrences of fentanyl analogs. Starting in 2016, fentanyl analogs were tracked separately.

Note: In 2011, District 15 (West Palm Beach) data was inadvertently duplicated. The data has been corrected and is accurately reflected in this report.



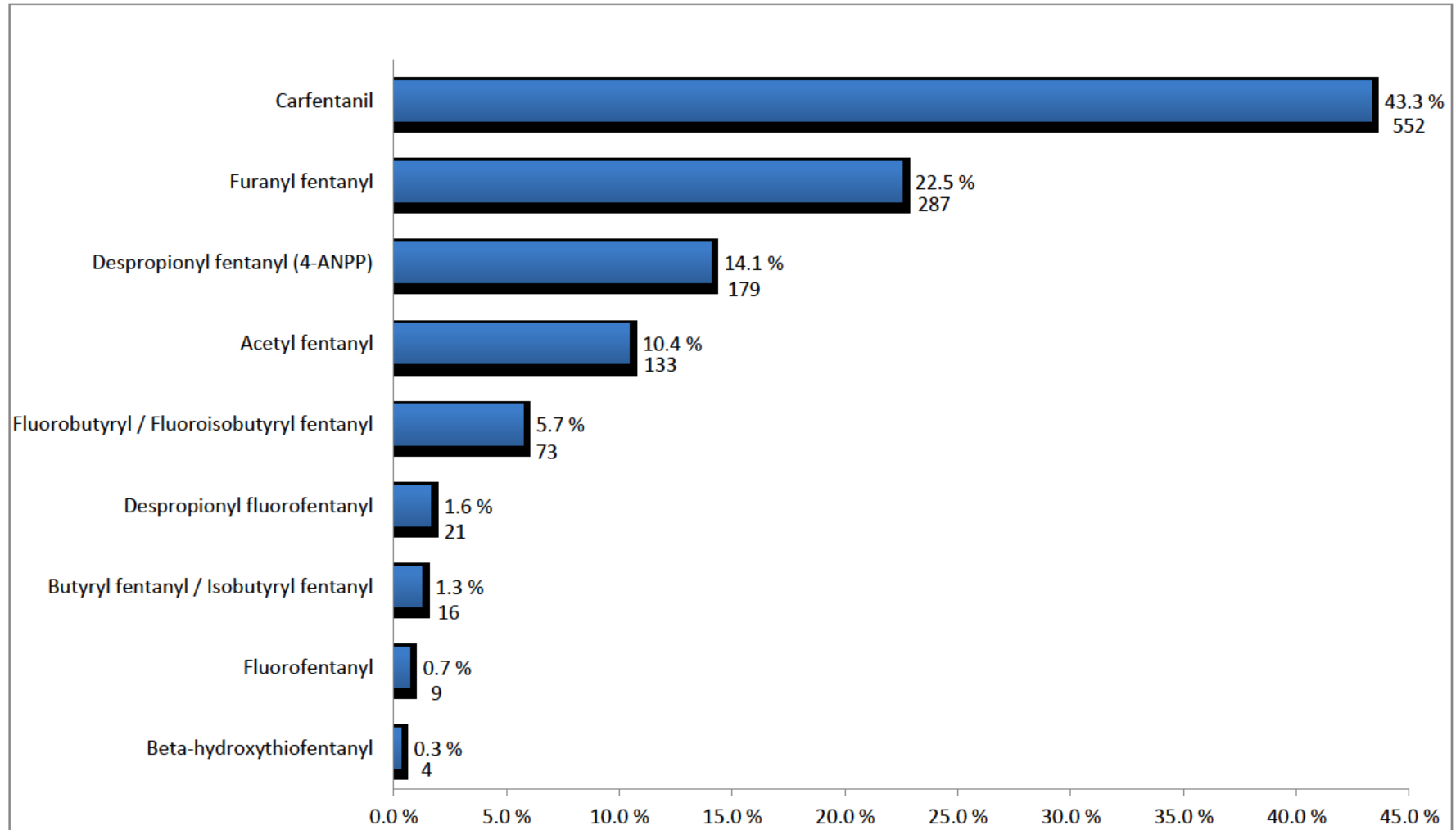
## Prescription Drugs in Medical Examiner Deaths

2015 versus 2016

Medical Examiner District and Area of Florida		Total Prescription Drug Deaths in ME Deaths (Present and Cause)			Accidental Deaths with Prescription Drugs (Present and Cause)			Accidental Deaths Caused by Prescription Drugs		
District	Area of Florida	2015	2016	Percent Change	2015	2016	Percent Change	2015	2016	Percent Change
1	Pensacola	208	173	-16.8%	128	107	-16.4%	91	82	-9.9%
2	Tallahassee	51	82	60.8%	22	43	95.5%	14	23	64.3%
3	Live Oak	36	49	36.1%	22	30	36.4%	15	14	-6.7%
4	Jacksonville	355	619	74.4%	220	483	119.5%	161	404	150.9%
5	Leesburg	191	398	108.4%	103	269	161.2%	63	186	195.2%
6	St. Petersburg	472	550	16.5%	278	357	28.4%	212	291	37.3%
7	Daytona Beach	174	181	4.0%	97	102	5.2%	69	64	-7.2%
8	Gainesville	106	100	-5.7%	51	53	3.9%	30	28	-6.7%
9	Orlando	428	412	-3.7%	257	254	-1.2%	182	183	0.5%
10	Lakeland	199	190	-4.5%	96	109	13.5%	58	63	8.6%
11	Miami	541	641	18.5%	288	390	35.4%	166	263	58.4%
12	Sarasota	332	285	-14.2%	224	195	-12.9%	176	136	-22.7%
13	Tampa	360	381	5.8%	188	209	11.2%	134	153	14.2%
14	Panama City	89	102	14.6%	43	55	27.9%	23	38	65.2%
15	West Palm Beach	394	694	76.1%	251	562	123.9%	182	481	164.3%
16	Florida Keys	52	40	-23.1%	21	26	23.8%	12	21	75.0%
17	Ft. Lauderdale	292	523	79.1%	220	423	92.3%	194	330	70.1%
18	Melbourne	271	301	11.1%	161	173	7.5%	114	112	-1.8%
19	Ft. Pierce	197	262	33.0%	107	166	55.1%	69	87	26.1%
20	Naples	87	95	9.2%	49	57	16.3%	39	44	12.8%
21	Ft. Myers	207	209	1.0%	118	138	16.9%	77	96	24.7%
22	Port Charlotte	70	87	24.3%	36	38	5.6%	19	13	-31.6%
23	St. Augustine	69	84	21.7%	30	49	63.3%	19	34	78.9%
24	Sanford	93	100	7.5%	44	61	38.6%	35	52	48.6%
25	Kissimmee	90	100	11.1%	50	54	8.0%	37	36	-2.7%
<b>Statewide Totals</b>		<b>5,364</b>	<b>6,658</b>	<b>24.1%</b>	<b>3,104</b>	<b>4,403</b>	<b>41.8%</b>	<b>2,191</b>	<b>3,234</b>	<b>47.6%</b>
These tables are based on prescription drugs tracked by the Medical Examiners Commission and reported by Florida Medical Examiners. Do not add across columns.		These individuals died with one or more prescription drugs in their system. The drugs were identified as either the cause of death or merely present in the decedent and also may have been mixed with illicit drugs and/or alcohol.			The manner of death for these decedents was reported as accidental. These individuals died with one or more prescription drugs in their system. The drugs were identified as either the cause of death or merely present in the decedent and also may have been mixed with illicit drugs and/or alcohol.			The manner of death for these decedents was reported as accidental. These individuals died with at least one prescription drug in their system that was identified as causing or contributing to the death. These drugs may also have been mixed with illicit drugs and/or alcohol.		

## Frequency of Occurrence of Fentanyl Analogs

January – December 2016



*Note: Fluorobutyryl / Fluoroisobutyryl fentanyl includes the analytes para-fluoroisobutyryl fentanyl, para-fluorobutyryl fentanyl, fluoroisobutyryl fentanyl, and fluorobutyryl fentanyl. Fluorofentanyl includes the analytes fluorofentanyl, ortho-fluorofentanyl, and para-fluorofentanyl. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding.*

**Fentanyl Analog Deaths**

January – December 2016

Medical Examiner District and Area of Florida		Total Deaths with Fentanyl Analogs			Deaths with Fentanyl Analogs Only			Deaths with Fentanyl Analogs in Combination with Other Drugs		
District	Area of Florida	Total	Cause	Present	Total	Cause	Present	Total	Cause	Present
1	Pensacola	13	13	0	0	0	0	13	13	0
2	Tallahassee	2	2	0	0	0	0	2	2	0
3	Live Oak	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Jacksonville	108	105	3	5	5	0	103	100	3
5	Leesburg	46	41	5	5	5	0	41	36	5
6	St. Petersburg	49	47	2	5	5	0	44	42	2
7	Daytona Beach	9	9	0	0	0	0	9	9	0
8	Gainesville	3	3	0	2	2	0	1	1	0
9	Orlando	31	28	3	2	2	0	29	26	3
10	Lakeland	11	11	0	2	2	0	9	9	0
11	Miami	163	156	7	5	5	0	158	151	7
12	Sarasota	126	122	4	11	11	0	115	111	4
13	Tampa	7	7	0	0	0	0	7	7	0
14	Panama City	8	8	0	1	1	0	7	7	0
15	West Palm Beach	183	158	25	25	25	0	158	133	25
16	Florida Keys	3	3	0	1	1	0	2	2	0
17	Ft. Lauderdale	146	140	6	15	15	0	131	125	6
18	Melbourne	18	17	1	2	2	0	16	15	1
19	Ft. Pierce	36	34	2	5	5	0	31	29	2
20	Naples	14	13	1	0	0	0	14	13	1
21	Ft. Myers	23	22	1	4	4	0	19	18	1
22	Port Charlotte	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	St. Augustine	9	9	0	2	2	0	7	7	0
24	Sanford	9	9	0	1	1	0	8	8	0
25	Kissimmee	9	8	1	2	1	1	7	7	0
Statewide Totals		1,026	965	61	95	94	1	931	871	60

## Fentanyl Analog Deaths by Age

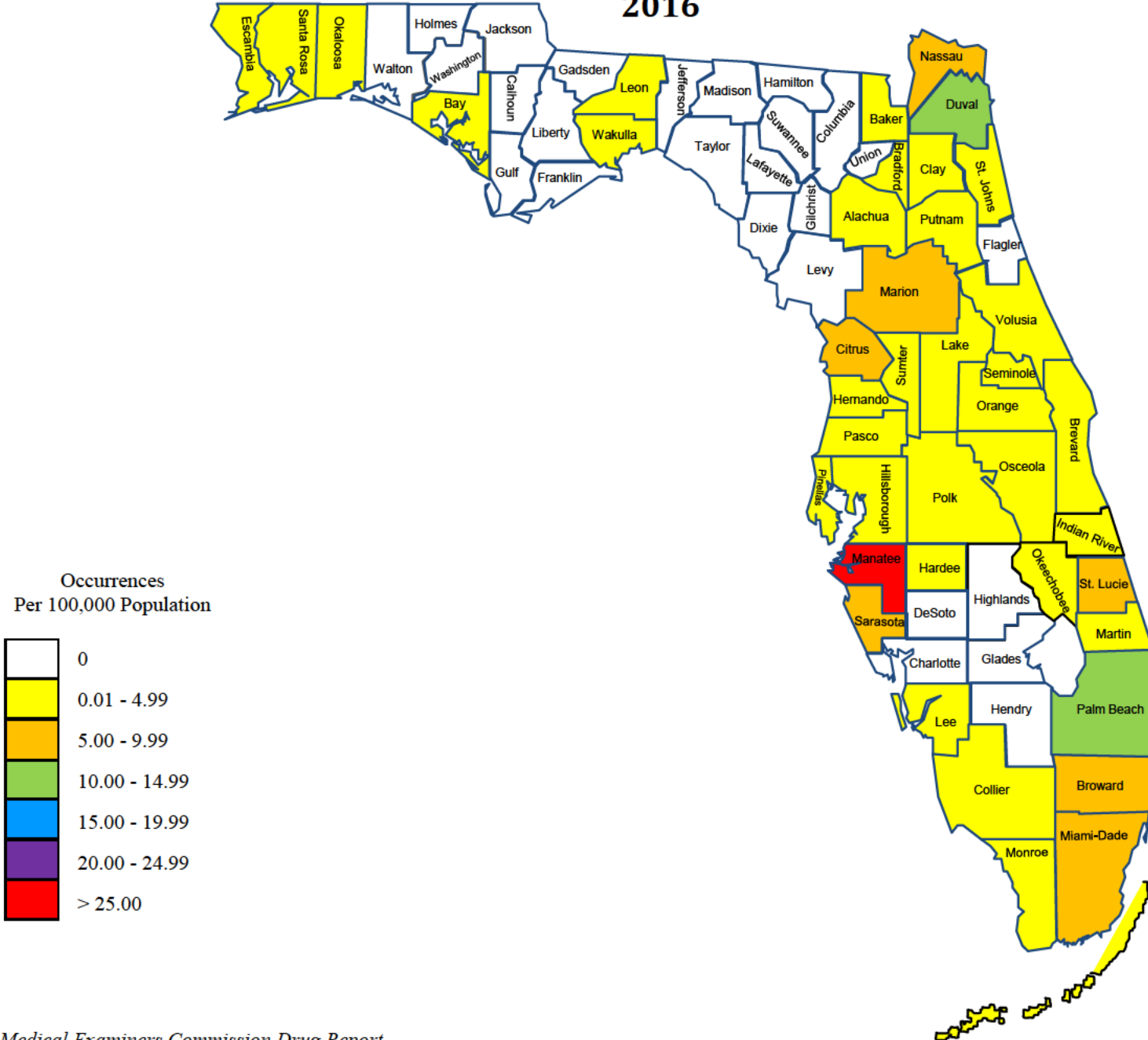
January – December 2016

Medical Examiner District and Area of Florida		
District	Area of Florida	Total
1	Pensacola	13
2	Tallahassee	2
3	Live Oak	0
4	Jacksonville	108
5	Leesburg	46
6	St. Petersburg	49
7	Daytona Beach	9
8	Gainesville	3
9	Orlando	31
10	Lakeland	11
11	Miami	163
12	Sarasota	126
13	Tampa	7
14	Panama City	8
15	West Palm Beach	183
16	Florida Keys	3
17	Ft. Lauderdale	146
18	Melbourne	18
19	Ft. Pierce	36
20	Naples	14
21	Ft. Myers	23
22	Port Charlotte	0
23	St. Augustine	9
24	Sanford	9
25	Kissimmee	9
<b>Statewide Totals</b>		<b>1,026</b>

Fentanyl Analogs Caused Death						
Age of Decedent						
Total	<18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50	
13	0	2	5	5	1	
2	0	0	1	0	1	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
105	0	10	37	47	11	
41	0	3	7	21	10	
47	0	5	12	23	7	
9	0	1	3	3	2	
3	0	0	1	2	0	
28	0	0	9	11	8	
11	1	2	5	1	2	
156	0	18	58	50	30	
122	0	15	41	46	20	
7	0	1	3	2	1	
8	0	3	2	2	1	
158	0	28	58	54	18	
3	0	0	1	1	1	
140	0	17	47	45	31	
17	0	2	5	8	2	
34	0	3	15	9	7	
13	0	2	5	4	2	
22	0	2	8	8	4	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
9	0	2	4	2	1	
9	0	2	3	1	3	
8	0	1	3	4	0	
<b>965</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>333</b>	<b>349</b>	<b>163</b>	

Fentanyl Analogs Present at Death						
Age of Decedent						
Total	<18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
3	0	1	1	1	0	
5	0	0	1	2	2	
2	0	0	0	1	1	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
3	0	2	0	1	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
7	0	0	3	2	2	
4	0	0	3	0	1	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
25	0	5	9	8	3	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
6	0	0	3	2	1	
1	0	1	0	0	0	
2	0	1	0	1	0	
1	0	0	0	0	1	
1	0	0	0	1	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	0	1	0	
<b>61</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>11</b>	

## Fentanyl Analog Deaths by County 2016



## Cocaine Deaths

January – December 2016

Medical Examiner District and Area of Florida		Total Deaths with Cocaine			Deaths with Cocaine Only			Deaths with Cocaine in Combination with Other Drugs		
District	Area of Florida	Total	Cause	Present	Total	Cause	Present	Total	Cause	Present
1	Pensacola	57	21	36	7	2	5	50	19	31
2	Tallahassee	32	14	18	5	4	1	27	10	17
3	Live Oak	10	1	9	1	0	1	9	1	8
4	Jacksonville	266	186	80	20	14	6	246	172	74
5	Leesburg	128	98	30	14	12	2	114	86	28
6	St. Petersburg	157	94	63	18	9	9	139	85	54
7	Daytona Beach	51	17	34	5	1	4	46	16	30
8	Gainesville	41	18	23	11	5	6	30	13	17
9	Orlando	230	133	97	45	21	24	185	112	73
10	Lakeland	53	40	13	10	9	1	43	31	12
11	Miami	439	254	185	47	22	25	392	232	160
12	Sarasota	147	96	51	22	18	4	125	78	47
13	Tampa	108	46	62	26	9	17	82	37	45
14	Panama City	5	2	3	0	0	0	5	2	3
15	West Palm Beach	405	291	114	48	32	16	357	259	98
16	Florida Keys	20	7	13	2	1	1	18	6	12
17	Ft. Lauderdale	328	250	78	53	43	10	275	207	68
18	Melbourne	103	65	38	13	7	6	90	58	32
19	Ft. Pierce	71	36	35	6	2	4	65	34	31
20	Naples	40	21	19	5	3	2	35	18	17
21	Ft. Myers	99	43	56	11	2	9	88	41	47
22	Port Charlotte	9	1	8	1	0	1	8	1	7
23	St. Augustine	23	6	17	6	1	5	17	5	12
24	Sanford	37	17	20	2	2	0	35	15	20
25	Kissimmee	23	12	11	5	2	3	18	10	8
Statewide Totals		2,882	1,769	1,113	383	221	162	2,499	1,548	951

## Cocaine Deaths by Age

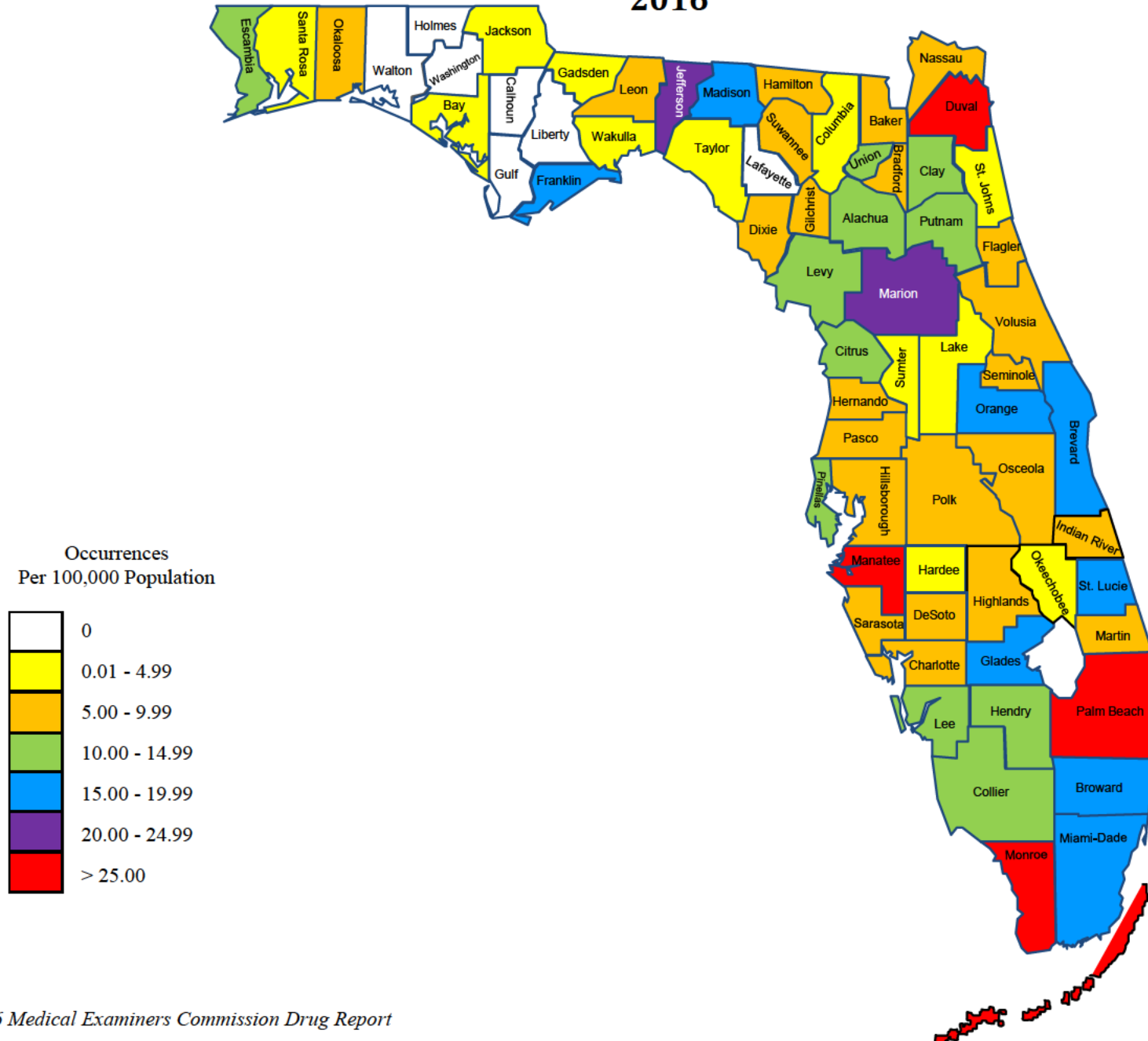
January – December 2016

Medical Examiner District and Area of Florida		
District	Area of Florida	Total
1	Pensacola	57
2	Tallahassee	32
3	Live Oak	10
4	Jacksonville	266
5	Leesburg	128
6	St. Petersburg	157
7	Daytona Beach	51
8	Gainesville	41
9	Orlando	230
10	Lakeland	53
11	Miami	439
12	Sarasota	147
13	Tampa	108
14	Panama City	5
15	West Palm Beach	405
16	Florida Keys	20
17	Ft. Lauderdale	328
18	Melbourne	103
19	Ft. Pierce	71
20	Naples	40
21	Ft. Myers	99
22	Port Charlotte	9
23	St. Augustine	23
24	Sanford	37
25	Kissimmee	23
<b>Statewide Totals</b>		<b>2,882</b>

Cocaine Caused Death						
Age of Decedent						
Total	<18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50	
21	0	2	4	8	7	
14	0	1	1	7	5	
1	0	0	0	1	0	
186	5	15	49	75	42	
98	0	9	19	41	29	
94	2	5	28	29	30	
17	0	2	3	8	4	
18	0	2	3	3	10	
133	0	17	29	44	43	
40	0	2	5	8	25	
254	1	22	82	92	57	
96	0	7	25	32	32	
46	0	5	9	18	14	
2	0	0	0	2	0	
291	1	45	75	114	56	
7	0	0	1	4	2	
250	0	17	66	106	61	
65	0	2	20	24	19	
36	1	2	11	9	13	
21	1	1	8	8	3	
43	0	6	15	16	6	
1	0	0	0	1	0	
6	0	1	0	4	1	
17	0	2	3	5	7	
12	0	1	5	6	0	
<b>1,769</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>461</b>	<b>665</b>	<b>466</b>	

Cocaine Present at Death						
Age of Decedent						
Total	<18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50	
36	1	5	7	15	8	
18	0	4	2	9	3	
9	0	1	1	5	2	
80	0	11	23	29	17	
30	1	7	8	10	4	
63	0	5	19	26	13	
34	0	6	9	13	6	
23	2	1	2	7	11	
97	1	16	28	30	22	
13	0	1	6	5	1	
185	2	21	50	67	45	
51	0	11	11	21	8	
62	0	11	11	16	24	
3	0	0	1	1	1	
114	0	27	37	31	19	
13	1	0	1	10	1	
78	0	11	24	28	15	
38	0	6	12	12	8	
35	0	5	7	13	10	
19	0	4	5	6	4	
56	0	5	11	26	14	
8	0	0	2	3	3	
17	0	1	8	7	1	
20	0	3	6	5	6	
11	0	1	2	5	3	
<b>1,113</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>163</b>	<b>293</b>	<b>400</b>	<b>249</b>	

## Cocaine Deaths by County 2016





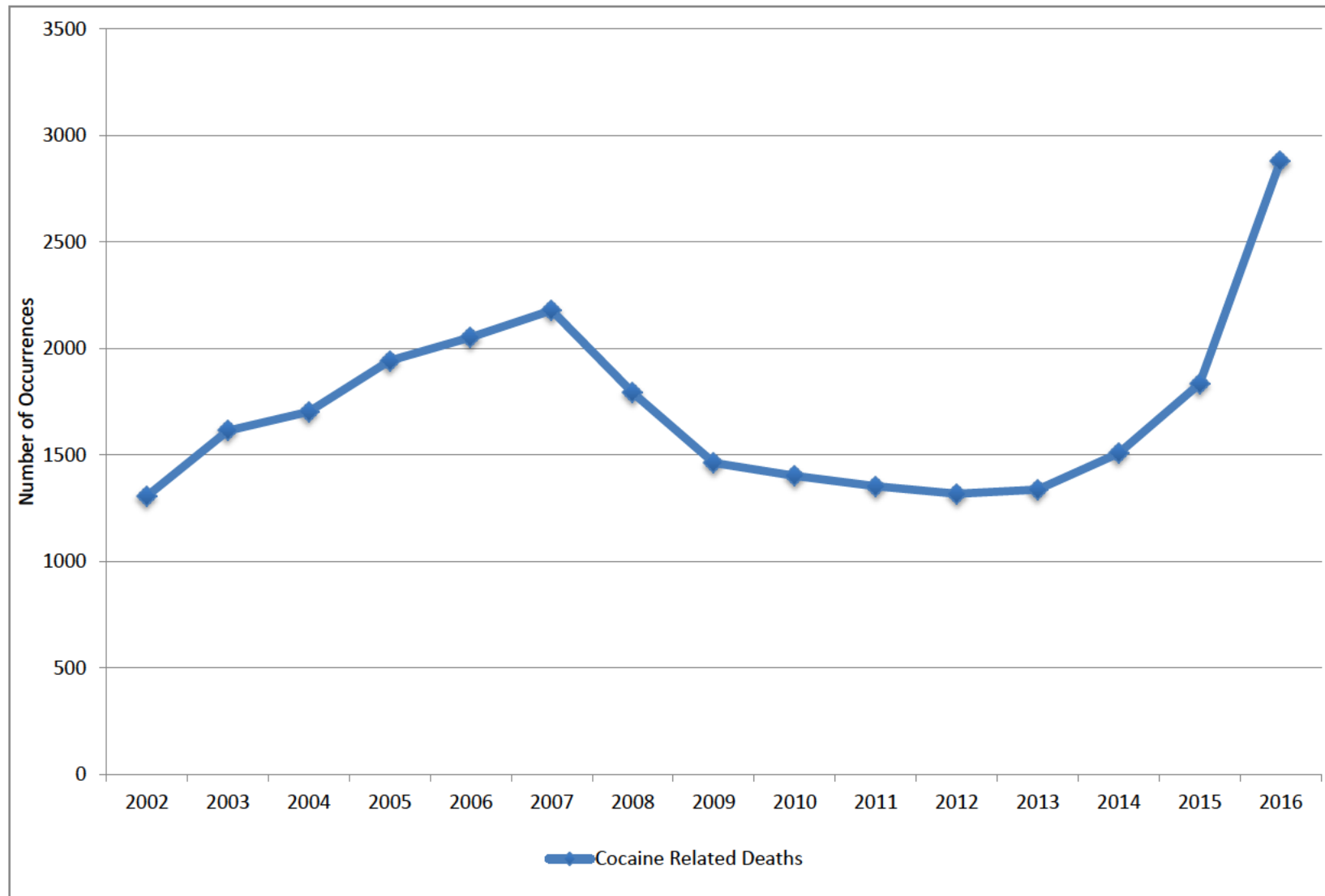
**Cocaine Related Deaths by Medical Examiner District**  
(Present and Cause)  
2002 to 2016

District	Area of Florida	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
1	Pensacola	37	46	59	69	78	76	56	33	36	34	34	31	56	80	57
2	Tallahassee	33	43	38	58	51	40	27	30	25	36	25	23	20	18	32
3	Live Oak	7	13	22	19	16	10	13	16	9	8	13	10	6	5	10
4	Jacksonville	148	184	205	195	246	248	165	125	115	113	119	119	107	146	266
5	Leesburg	47	56	69	60	21	45	67	56	52	48	46	57	62	54	128
6	St. Petersburg	89	116	150	138	185	173	154	139	134	112	125	100	98	101	157
7	Daytona Beach	35	42	43	77	64	84	51	58	44	43	36	37	34	37	51
8	Gainesville	15	45	43	48	47	42	32	39	39	34	30	29	30	31	41
9	Orlando	116	124	136	165	178	190	179	145	128	124	120	137	181	203	230
10	Lakeland	30	43	46	75	53	41	40	35	42	29	27	37	33	33	53
11	Miami	151	189	160	162	182	281	201	155	198	184	198	226	234	289	439
12	Sarasota	46	83	69	83	106	105	75	59	57	54	60	60	84	134	147
13	Tampa	79	81	108	115	130	158	146	54	83	96	59	74	65	84	108
14	Panama City	24	31	22	24	32	31	17	20	9	9	10	11	13	15	5
15	West Palm Beach	113	147	151	197	191	168	143	126	106	91	87	105	143	173	405
16	Florida Keys	16	11	10	18	16	27	15	14	11	7	13	4	6	13	20
17	Ft. Lauderdale	121	138	120	136	150	157	146	135	127	115	129	102	99	152	328
18	Melbourne	48	66	62	84	80	62	68	59	49	38	52	53	60	86	103
19	Ft. Pierce	33	33	43	58	45	46	47	35	20	40	24	34	50	49	71
20	Naples	23	15	21	24	34	29	15	21	13	23	16	10	29	23	40
21	Ft. Myers	55	68	84	78	96	79	67	48	53	73	56	51	63	71	99
22	Port Charlotte	5	3	10	14	14	19	14	9	5	7	9	2	10	12	9
23	St. Augustine	23	24	20	24	17	33	27	19	23	15	11	11	1	9	23
24	Sanford	13	13	11	22	20	35	26	32	24	20	19	14	24	16	37
25	Kissimmee															23
<b>Statewide Total</b>		<b>1,307</b>	<b>1,614</b>	<b>1,702</b>	<b>1,943</b>	<b>2,052</b>	<b>2,179</b>	<b>1,791</b>	<b>1,462</b>	<b>1,402</b>	<b>1,353</b>	<b>1,318</b>	<b>1,337</b>	<b>1,508</b>	<b>1,834</b>	<b>2,882</b>

*Note: In 2011, District 15 (West Palm Beach) data was inadvertently duplicated. The data has been corrected and is accurately reflected in this report.*

*Prior to 2016, District 9 included Orange and Osceola counties. Both counties enacted Home Rule authority in 2016 and District 9 was split into two districts, with Orange County staying District 9 and Osceola County becoming District 25.*

## Historical Overview of Cocaine Occurrences (Present and Cause) 2002 to 2016



Note: In 2011, District 15 (West Palm Beach) data was inadvertently duplicated. The data has been corrected and is accurately reflected in this report.

## Heroin Deaths

January – December 2016

Medical Examiner District and Area of Florida		Total Deaths with Heroin			Deaths with Heroin Only			Deaths with Heroin in Combination with Other Drugs		
District	Area of Florida	Total	Cause	Present	Total	Cause	Present	Total	Cause	Present
1	Pensacola	34	32	2	0	0	0	34	32	2
2	Tallahassee	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1
3	Live Oak	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Jacksonville	81	80	1	1	1	0	80	79	1
5	Leesburg	40	39	1	0	0	0	40	39	1
6	St. Petersburg	18	16	2	0	0	0	18	16	2
7	Daytona Beach	21	21	0	0	0	0	21	21	0
8	Gainesville	2	2	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
9	Orlando	68	66	2	0	0	0	68	66	2
10	Lakeland	11	7	4	1	1	0	10	6	4
11	Miami	139	133	6	0	0	0	139	133	6
12	Sarasota	32	21	11	0	0	0	32	21	11
13	Tampa	52	49	3	0	0	0	52	49	3
14	Panama City	8	8	0	0	0	0	8	8	0
15	West Palm Beach	205	194	11	0	0	0	205	194	11
16	Florida Keys	7	6	1	0	0	0	7	6	1
17	Ft. Lauderdale	180	161	19	10	10	0	170	151	19
18	Melbourne	21	19	2	0	0	0	21	19	2
19	Ft. Pierce	7	7	0	0	0	0	7	7	0
20	Naples	15	15	0	0	0	0	15	15	0
21	Ft. Myers	30	27	3	0	0	0	30	27	3
22	Port Charlotte	3	3	0	0	0	0	3	3	0
23	St. Augustine	6	5	1	0	0	0	6	5	1
24	Sanford	27	26	1	0	0	0	27	26	1
25	Kissimmee	15	15	0	0	0	0	15	15	0
Statewide Totals		1,023	952	71	13	13	0	1,010	939	71

## Heroin Deaths by Age

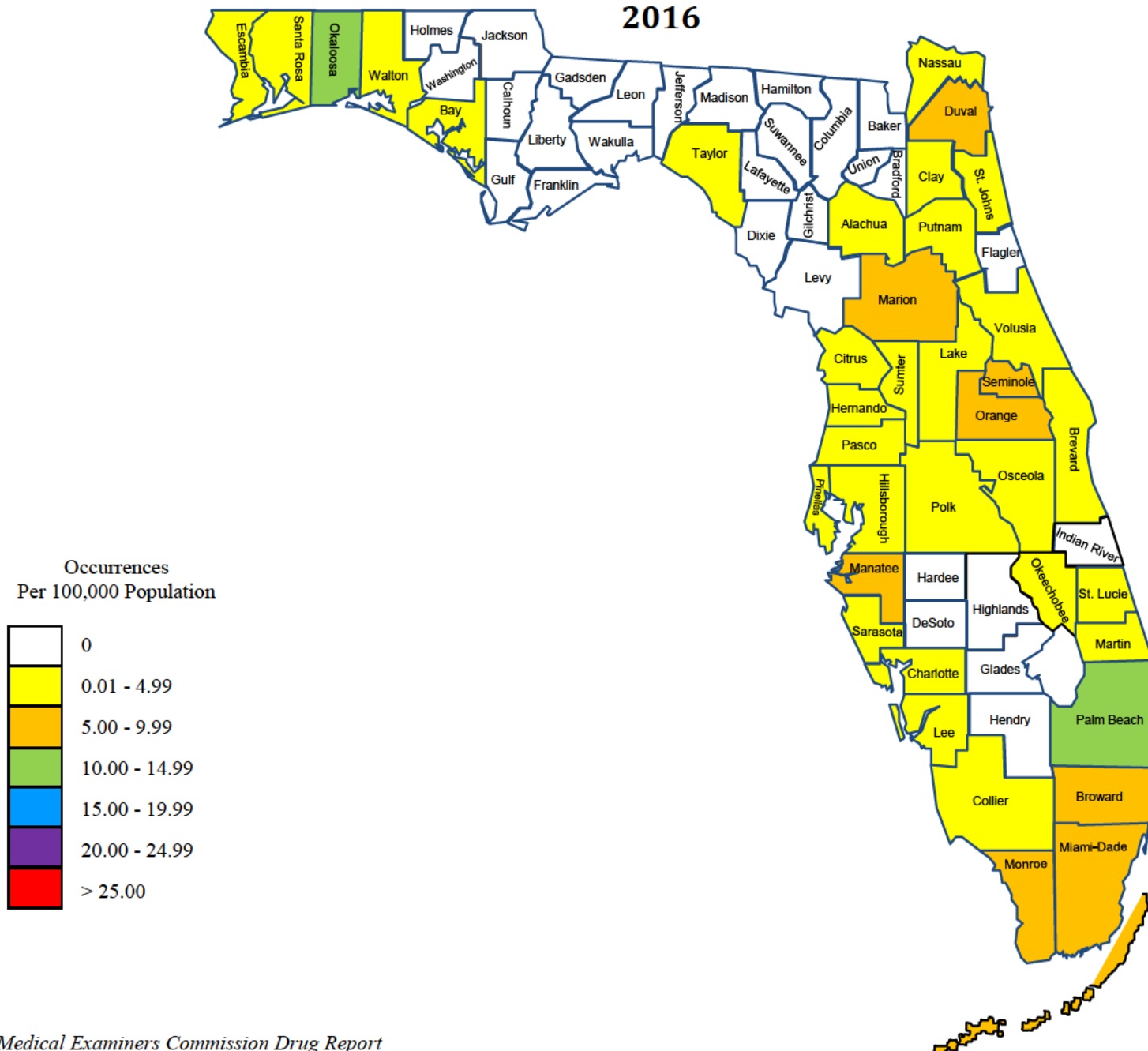
January – December 2016

Medical Examiner District and Area of Florida		
District	Area of Florida	Total
1	Pensacola	34
2	Tallahassee	1
3	Live Oak	0
4	Jacksonville	81
5	Leesburg	40
6	St. Petersburg	18
7	Daytona Beach	21
8	Gainesville	2
9	Orlando	68
10	Lakeland	11
11	Miami	139
12	Sarasota	32
13	Tampa	52
14	Panama City	8
15	West Palm Beach	205
16	Florida Keys	7
17	Ft. Lauderdale	180
18	Melbourne	21
19	Ft. Pierce	7
20	Naples	15
21	Ft. Myers	30
22	Port Charlotte	3
23	St. Augustine	6
24	Sanford	27
25	Kissimmee	15
<b>Statewide Totals</b>		<b>1,023</b>

Heroin Caused Death						
Age of Decedent						
Total	<18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50	
32	0	5	12	13	2	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
80	0	6	26	33	15	
39	0	4	9	18	8	
16	0	3	3	6	4	
21	0	3	6	10	2	
2	0	0	0	0	2	
66	0	12	12	27	15	
7	0	2	1	2	2	
133	0	17	50	36	30	
21	0	2	5	8	6	
49	0	3	19	18	9	
8	0	2	1	2	3	
194	1	54	51	60	28	
6	0	0	1	5	0	
161	0	22	60	57	22	
19	0	3	5	7	4	
7	0	0	4	1	2	
15	0	1	4	5	5	
27	0	4	8	12	3	
3	0	0	1	2	0	
5	0	0	1	2	2	
26	1	6	10	6	3	
15	0	3	5	6	1	
<b>952</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>294</b>	<b>336</b>	<b>168</b>	

Heroin Present at Death						
Age of Decedent						
Total	<18	18-25	26-34	35-50	>50	
2	0	0	0	1	1	
1	0	0	0	1	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	1	0	0	
1	0	0	1	0	0	
2	0	0	1	0	1	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
2	0	1	1	0	0	
4	0	2	2	0	0	
6	0	0	1	3	2	
11	0	1	6	2	2	
3	0	1	1	1	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
11	0	2	5	4	0	
1	0	0	0	1	0	
19	0	0	6	7	6	
2	0	0	1	0	1	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
3	0	0	2	1	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	0	1	0	
1	0	0	0	1	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	
<b>71</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>13</b>	

## Heroin Deaths by County 2016



**Heroin Related Deaths by Medical Examiner District**  
(Present and Cause)  
2002 to 2016

District	Area of Florida	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
1	Pensacola	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	0	0	1	3	12	28	34
2	Tallahassee	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	0	1
3	Live Oak	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
4	Jacksonville	17	7	5	5	4	8	3	4	1	3	14	15	16	45	81
5	Leesburg	5	2	1	0	0	0	5	1	0	1	3	2	16	8	40
6	St. Petersburg	33	23	14	13	7	12	5	9	3	1	1	4	7	14	18
7	Daytona Beach	5	6	4	2	1	2	0	3	1	0	1	3	4	20	21
8	Gainesville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	2	3	2
9	Orlando	33	38	22	15	7	16	16	24	10	18	26	41	83	108	68
10	Lakeland	2	0	3	2	2	0	0	2	1	0	1	4	7	10	11
11	Miami	46	32	18	22	20	26	38	30	26	15	33	40	60	92	139
12	Sarasota	5	20	15	9	14	4	19	4	2	2	8	19	55	68	32
13	Tampa	34	19	14	6	7	11	5	2	1	2	2	3	22	35	52
14	Panama City	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	2	4	8
15	West Palm Beach	41	28	29	19	8	10	7	7	4	6	6	20	51	165	205
16	Florida Keys	5	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	7
17	Ft. Lauderdale	50	49	35	17	13	4	17	8	5	3	9	11	28	80	180
18	Melbourne	9	10	3	2	1	1	1	2	0	0	0	2	7	12	21
19	Ft. Pierce	4	3	3	1	3	3	3	1	1	1	2	3	7	8	7
20	Naples	17	3	4	1	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	14	11	15
21	Ft. Myers	11	13	4	1	2	4	7	9	0	1	4	12	30	43	30
22	Port Charlotte	5	0	1	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	3	2	3
23	St. Augustine	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	2	6
24	Sanford	3	7	4	4	0	7	3	1	1	2	1	7	18	19	27
25	Kissimmee															15
<b>Statewide Totals</b>		<b>326</b>	<b>261</b>	<b>180</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>132</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>117</b>	<b>199</b>	<b>447</b>	<b>779</b>	<b>1,023</b>

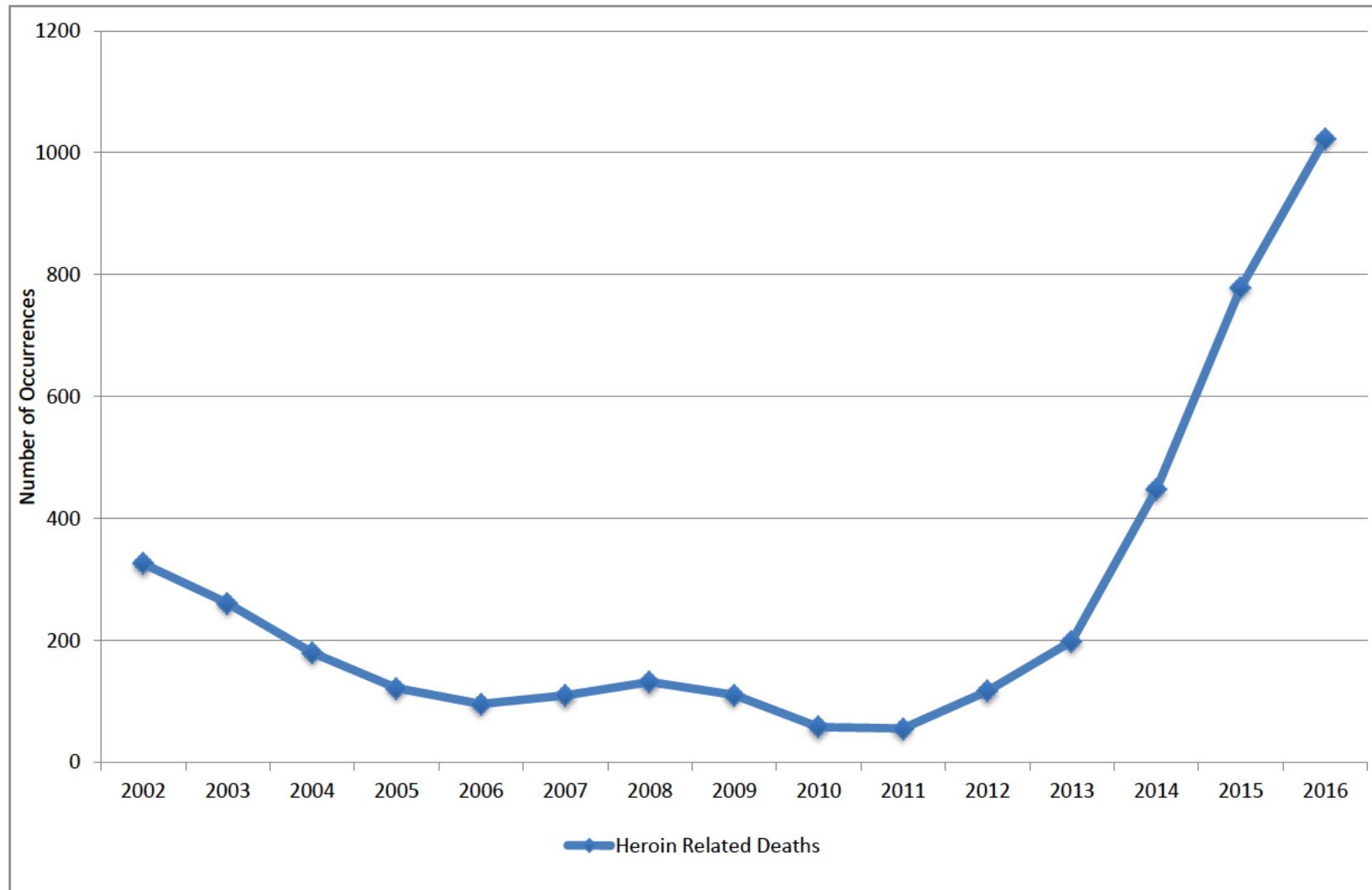
*Note: In 2011, District 15 (West Palm Beach) data was inadvertently duplicated. The data has been corrected and is accurately reflected in this report.*

*Prior to 2016, District 9 included Orange and Osceola counties. Both counties enacted Home Rule authority in 2016 and District 9 was split into two districts, with Orange County staying District 9 and Osceola County becoming District 25.*

## Historical Overview of Heroin Occurrences

(Present and Cause)

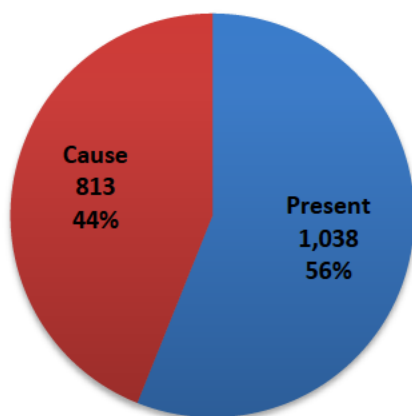
2002 to 2016



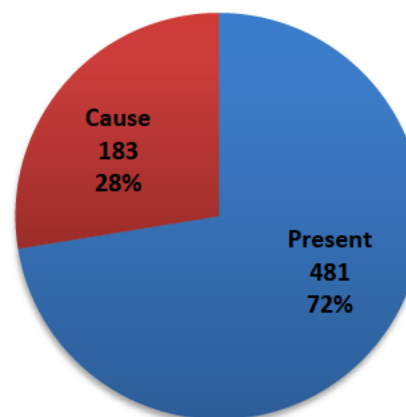
Note: In 2011, District 15 (West Palm Beach) data was inadvertently duplicated. The data has been corrected and is accurately reflected in this report.

### Drug Detected at Death: Cause vs. Present

**Alprazolam Deaths**  
**Total Occurrences = 1,851**



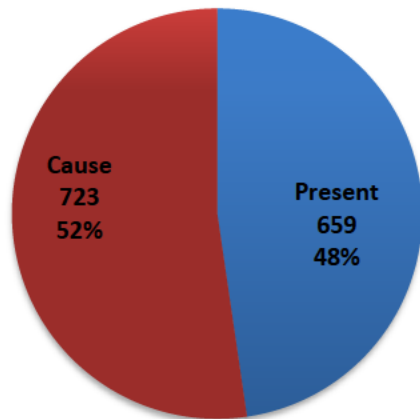
**Diazepam Deaths**  
**Total Occurrences = 664**



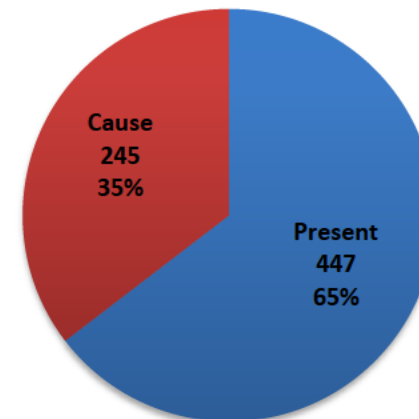


### Drug Detected at Death: Cause vs. Present

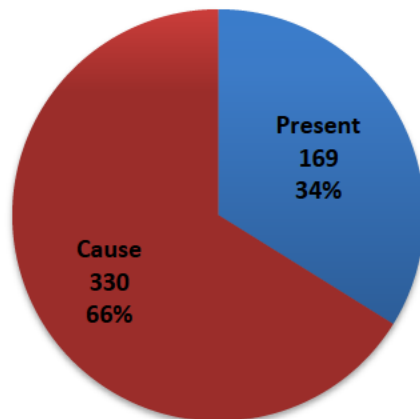
**Oxycodone Deaths**  
**Total Occurrences = 1,382**



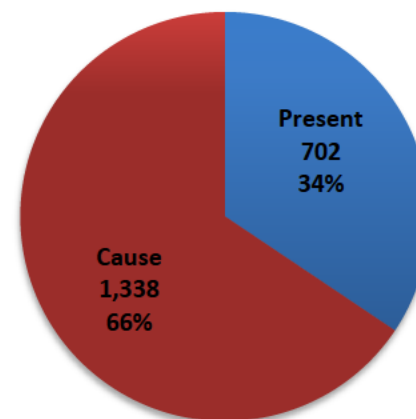
**Hydrocodone Deaths**  
**Total Occurrences = 692**



**Methadone Deaths**  
**Total Occurrences = 499**

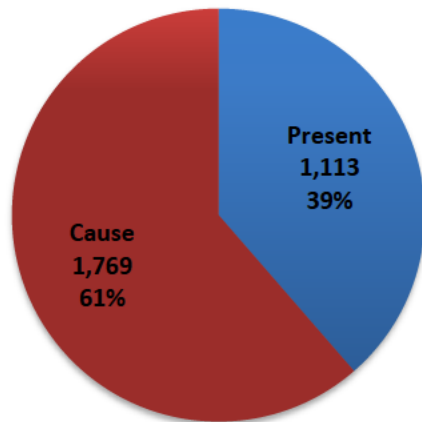


**Morphine Deaths**  
**Total Occurrences = 2,040**

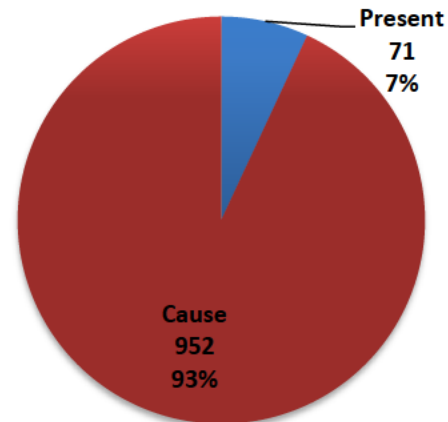


### Drug Detected at Death: Cause vs. Present

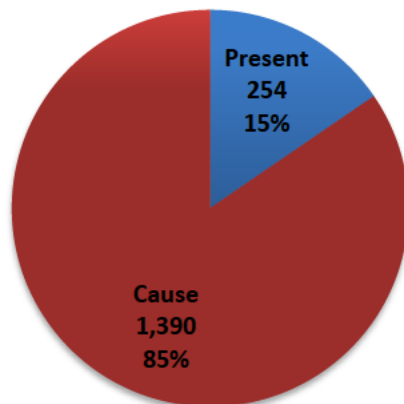
**Cocaine Deaths**  
**Total Occurrences = 2,882**



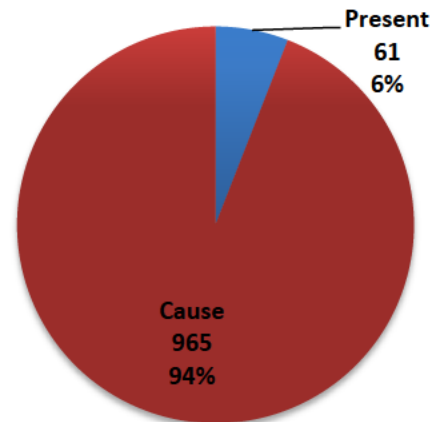
**Heroin Deaths**  
**Total Occurrences = 1,023**



**Fentanyl Deaths**  
**Total Occurrences = 1,644**

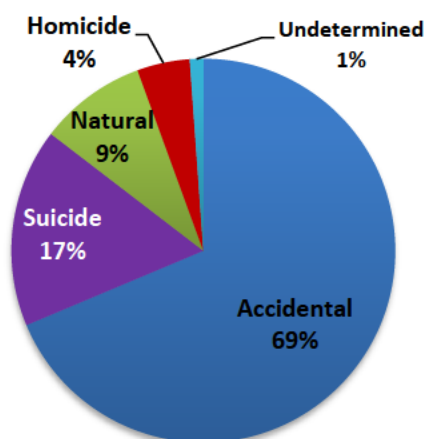


**Fentanyl Analogs Deaths**  
**Total Occurrences = 1,026**

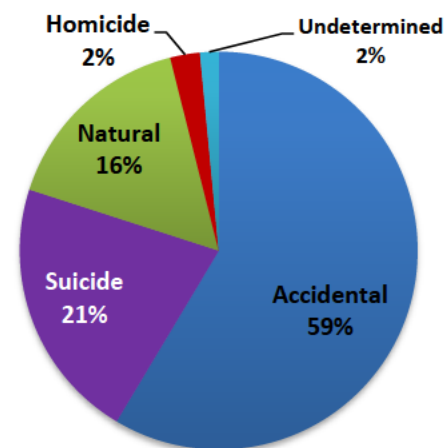


**Manner of Death for Cases Reported**  
(Accidental, Homicide, Natural, Suicide, or Undetermined)

**Alprazolam Deaths**

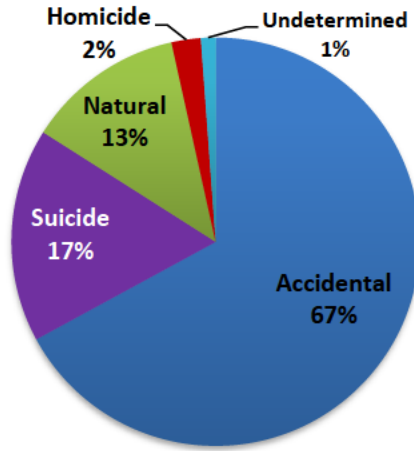


**Diazepam Deaths**

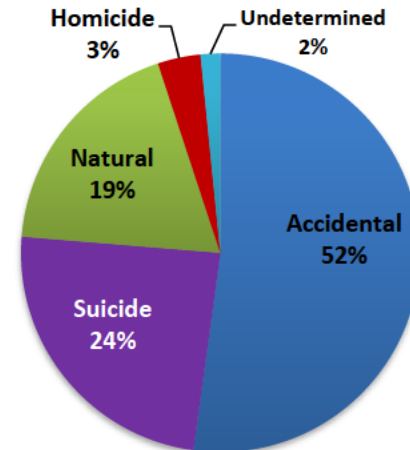


**Manner of Death for Cases Reported**  
(Accidental, Homicide, Natural, Suicide, or Undetermined)

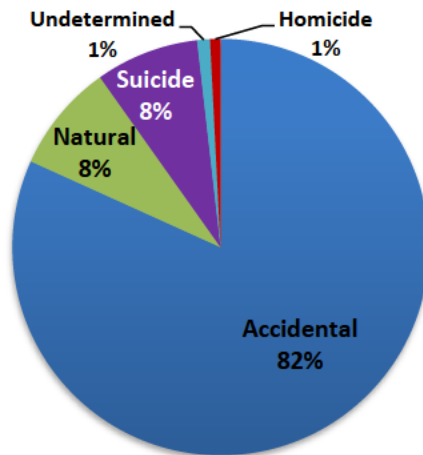
**Oxycodone Deaths**



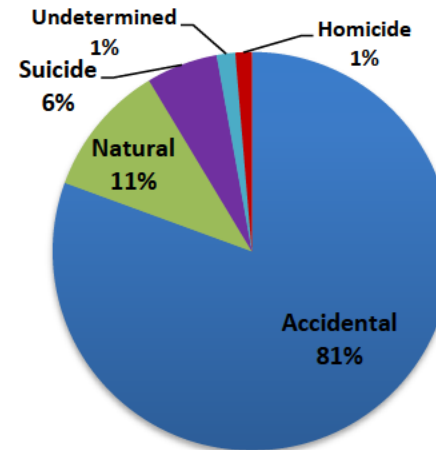
**Hydrocodone Deaths**



**Methadone Deaths**

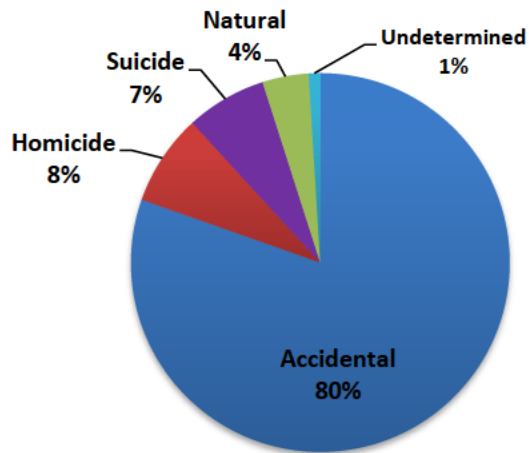


**Morphine Deaths**

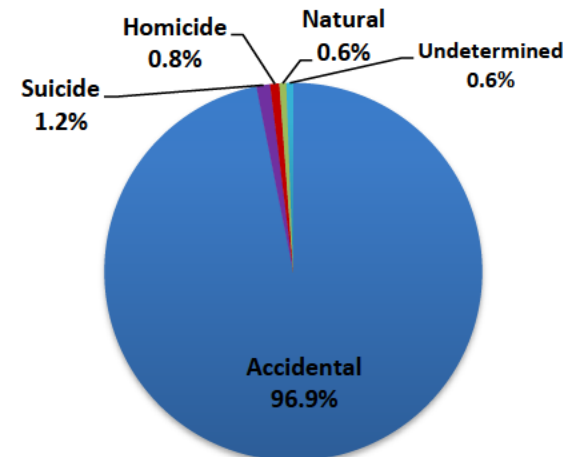


### Manner of Death for Cases Reported (Accidental, Homicide, Natural, Suicide, or Undetermined)

#### Cocaine Deaths

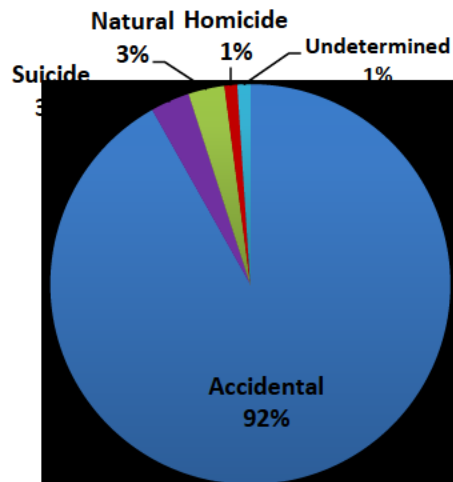


#### Heroin Deaths

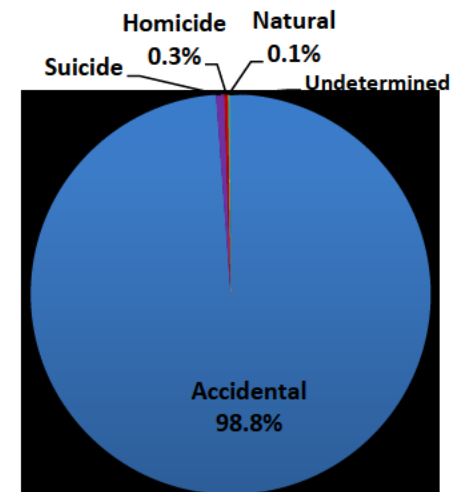


Note: Percentages do not sum to 100 percent due to rounding.

#### Fentanyl Deaths



#### Fentanyl Analogs Deaths



## Glossary

**4-ANPP (despropionyl fentanyl)** – A precursor chemical used in the manufacture of illicit fentanyl. 4-ANPP is also a metabolite of illicit fentanyl and fentanyl-related analogs.

**Amphetamines** – A group of synthetic psychoactive drugs called central nervous system (CNS) stimulants. The collective group of amphetamines includes amphetamine, dextroamphetamine, and methamphetamine. Methamphetamine is also known as “meth,” “crank,” “speed,” and “tina.” Methamphetamine is metabolized to amphetamine, and thus, occurrences of amphetamine may represent methamphetamine ingestion rather than amphetamine ingestion.

**Benzodiazepines** – A family of sedative-hypnotic drugs indicated for the treatment of stress, anxiety, seizures, and alcohol withdrawal. Benzodiazepines are often referred to as “minor tranquilizers.” Xanax (alprazolam) and Valium (diazepam) are the most commonly prescribed drugs in this drug class. Many benzodiazepines are interconverted to one another, making occurrences of these drugs difficult to interpret. Exceptions include alprazolam, clonazepam, lorazepam, and midazolam.

**Buprenorphine** – A semi-synthetic opioid known as Buprenex, Suboxone, and Subutex indicated for the treatment of opioid addiction and moderate to severe pain.

**Cannabinoids** – A series of compounds found in the marijuana plant, the most psychoactive of which is THC, a strong, illicit hallucinogen. Street names for this drug are often associated with a geographic area from which it came but also include generic names like “ganja,” “MJ,” “ragweed,” “reefer,” and “grass.”

**Carisoprodol** – Muscle relaxant indicated for the treatment of pain, muscle spasms, and limited mobility. It is often abused in conjunction with analgesics for enhanced euphoric effect. It is marketed as Soma.

**Cathinones** – A family of drugs containing one or more synthetic chemicals related to cathinone, an amphetamine-like stimulant found naturally in the Khat plant. They are 'cousins' of the amphetamine family of drugs, which includes amphetamine, methamphetamine, and MDMA (ecstasy). It often goes by the street name of “Molly.”

**Cocaine** – An illicit stimulant. Powdered cocaine goes by many street names including “C,” “blow,” “snow,” and “nose candy,” while freebase cocaine is mostly commonly known as “crack.”

**Ethanol** – Ethyl alcohol.

## Glossary (Continued)

**Fentanyl** – Synthetic opioid analgesic supplied in transdermal patches and also available for oral, nasal, intravenous, and spinal administration. Fentanyl is also produced illicitly and currently many fentanyl occurrences represent the ingestion of illicit fentanyl rather than pharmaceutically manufactured fentanyl.

**Fentanyl Analog** – A synthetic opioid structurally similar to fentanyl. Many analogs of fentanyl are pharmacologically more potent than fentanyl. Carfentanil is an analog of fentanyl approved for veterinary use only.

**Flunitrazepam (Rohypnol)** – Commonly referred to as a “date rape” drug. It is a sedative-hypnotic drug in the benzodiazepine class. It often goes by the street name “roofies.”

**Gamma-Hydroxybutyric Acid (GHB)** – A depressant, also known as a “date rape” drug. GHB often goes by the street name “easy lay,” “scoop,” “liquid X,” “Georgia home boy,” and “grievous bodily harm.”

**Hallucinogenic Phenethylamines/Piperazines** – Includes such drugs as MDMA (Ecstasy, a hallucinogen), MDA (a psychedelic), MDEA (a psychedelic hallucinogenic), and piperazine derivatives. Ecstasy has multiple street names including “E,” “XTC,” “love drug,” and “clarity.” MDMA is often also known by a large variety of embossed logos on the pills such as “Mitsubishis” and “Killer Bees.”

**Hallucinogenic Tryptamines** – Natural tryptamines are commonly available in preparations of dried or brewed mushrooms, while tryptamine derivatives are sold in capsule, tablet, powder, or liquid forms. Street names include “Foxy-Methoxy,” “alpha-O,” and “5-MEO.”

**Halogenated Inhalants** – Includes, but are not limited to, halogenated hydrocarbons, such as Freon, and similar halogenated substances typically used illicitly as inhalants.

**Heroin** – An illicit narcotic derivative. It is a semi-synthetic product of opium. Heroin also has multiple street names including “H,” “hombre,” and “smack.”

**Hydrocarbon Inhalants** – Includes toluene, benzene, components of gasoline, and other similar hydrocarbons typically used illicitly as inhalants.

**Hydrocodone** – A narcotic analgesic (pain killer). Vicodin and Lortab are two common drugs containing hydrocodone.

**Hydromorphone** – A narcotic analgesic (pain killer) used to treat moderate to severe pain. Marketed under the trade name Dilaudid, it is two to eight times more potent than morphine. Commonly used by abusers as a substitute for heroin.

**Ketamine** – An animal tranquilizer and a chemical relative of PCP. Street names for this drug include “special K,” “vitamin K,” and “cat valium.”

## Glossary (Continued)

**Meperidine** – A synthetic narcotic analgesic (pain killer) sold under the trade name Demerol. It is used for pre-anesthesia and the relief of moderate to severe pain.

**Methadone** – A synthetic narcotic analgesic (pain killer) commonly associated with heroin detoxification and maintenance programs and is also prescribed to treat severe pain. It has been increasingly prescribed in place of oxycodone for pain management. Dolophine is one form of methadone.

**Morphine** – A narcotic analgesic (pain killer) used to treat moderate to severe pain. MS (Morphine Sulfate), Kadian, and MS-Contin are the tablet forms; Roxanol is the liquid form. Heroin is metabolized to morphine, and thus, occurrences of morphine may represent heroin ingestion rather than morphine ingestion.

**Nitrous Oxide (N<sub>2</sub>O)** – Also known as "laughing gas," is an inhalant (gas) that produces light anesthesia and analgesia. "Whippets" are a common form of nitrous oxide.

**Oxycodone** – A narcotic analgesic (pain killer). OxyContin is one form of this drug and goes by the street name "OC." Percocet, Percodan, Roxicet, Tylox, and Roxicodone also contain oxycodone.

**Oxymorphone** – A narcotic analgesic (pain killer) that is often prescribed as Opana, Numorphan, and Numorphone.

**Phencyclidine (PCP)** – An illicit, dissociative anesthetic/hallucinogen. Common street names for this drug include "angel dust," "ace," "DOA," and "wack."

**PCP Analog** – A drug structurally related to phencyclidine.

**Sympathomimetic Amines** – A group of stimulants including phentermine (an appetite suppressant) and other sympathomimetic amines not tracked elsewhere in this report.

**Synthetic Cannabinoids** – Synthetic cannabinoids are manmade chemicals that are applied (often sprayed) onto plant material to mimic the effect of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol (THC), the psychoactive ingredient in the naturally grown marijuana plant (*cannabis sativa*). Synthetic cannabinoids, commonly known as "synthetic marijuana," "Spice," or "K2," are often sold in retail outlets as "herbal incense" or "potpourri" and are labeled "not for human consumption."

**Tramadol** – A synthetic narcotic analgesic sold under the trade name Ultram and Ultracet. Indications include the treatment of moderate to severe pain. It is a chemical analogue to codeine. Not currently a scheduled drug.



## **Glossary (Continued)**

**U-47700** – A synthetic opioid with a white or light-pink chalky appearance that is found in powder or tablet form. Common street names for this drug include “pink,” “pinky,” or “U4.”

**Zolpidem** – A prescription medication used for the short-term treatment of insomnia; it is commonly known as Ambien.